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The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,549 New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1885.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captains.	FRIDAY 1885.
L HYDASPES	2284	550	G. Scrivener	4th Dec.
M PARRAMATTA	4749	900	W. D. Anderson	11th "
L ANCONA	3128	600	R. G. Murray	18th "
—NIZAM	2726	500	W. J. Webber	25th "
				1886
L RAVENNA	3373	700	F. H. Seymour	1st Jan.
M BOKHARA	2944	550	H. Weigheli	8th "
L MALWA	2999	500	G. W. Atkinson	15th "
—ASSAM	3038	500	R. F. Cosie	22nd "
L MIRZAPORE	3687	600	R. Harvey	29th "
M VERONA	3116	600	M. de Horne	5th Feb.
L CATHAY	2983	550	J. P. Hassall	12th "
— GWALIOR	2733	500	F. Harris	19th "
L GANGES	1196	800	E. Stewart	26th "
M AUSTRALIA	3991	600	E. Ashdown	5th Mar.
L NEPAUL	3536	600	T. J. Alderton	12th "
— NIZAM	2726	500	W. J. Webber	19th "
L THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	26th "

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1885.
GANGES	4196	800	E. Stewart	11th Dec.
NEPAUL	3536	600	T. J. Alderton	25th Dec.
				1886
THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	8th Jan.
PESHAWUR	3950	600	L. H. Moule	22nd "
CLYDE	4124	800	E. M. Edmond	5th Feb.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, Dec. 4, 1885.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *via* Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 37 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *viâ* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent:—

First Class, Rs. 680. Second Class, Rs. 370.

Coupons for the Railway journey must be taken before leaving India.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, Dec. 3, 1885.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 28th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 300, Rs. 240, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount. To Marseilles Rs. 20, 15, and 5 extra, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months, respectively, from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

	Tons.	H.P.	
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	850	1st Jan. 1886
MANILA	5,000	850	1st Feb. 1886

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days to London *via* Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples, are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Nov. 3, 1885.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN

LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE, *VIA* CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains	Tons.	H. P.	To sail 1886.
AMPHITRITE	C. Lazzarich	4,500	600	2nd Jan.
TITANIA	Ge Mahorcich	4,100	600	2nd Feb.
MEDUSA	R. Deperis	3,500	550	2nd March

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 120

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wines supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 1st, and BRINDISI on the 3rd, of each month.

The Company's steam launch will be in attendance at the Apollo-bunder on the day of sailing to convey passengers and their luggage to the steamer, free of charge.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail 1885.
MEDUSA	R. Deperis	3,500	550	29th Dec.

STEAM TO COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail 1885.
VORWAERTS	P. Andrianich	2,800	500	13th Dec.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., &c., apply to

O. VON HOFFER,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church-gate-street, Bombay.
Dec. 4, 1885.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE following sailings have been arranged:—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Steamers.	Tons.	Comdrs.	About 1885.
Clan CAMERON	2,450	F. Ercaut	5th Dec.
" BUCHANAN	2,900	H. T. Maypee	13th "
" GRAHAM	2,950	C. Alexanderson.	23rd "
			1886
" MACKENZIE	2,950	Wm. Elliott	4th Jan.

* These steamers do not carry passengers.

Passage Money, Rs. 450.

Special terms for Families and Parties.

To be followed by other first-class steamers at regular intervals.

Each steamer carries a properly qualified Surgeon and Stewardess, and Wines can be had on board at moderate prices.

The steamers have excellent accommodation for first-class passengers.

For further particulars, apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 15th October, 1885.

Rs. 25.—For Rupees Twenty-five we send to any part of India, free of Postage and Packing charges, one of our crystal-faced

CELEBRATED ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN WATCHES.

The Watches are so well known for their decided superiority that we need not further dwell on their merits. Guarantee two years.

FAVRE-LEUBA AND CO.

Beware of Imitations sold under similar names at much cheaper rates. We do not supply these Watches to the trade.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "BURMAH," 1081 tons, on FRIDAY, 11th December, at 11 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangarole, Pore Bunder, and Cutch Mandvie, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on MONDAY, 7th December, at 11 a.m., (unless delayed by non arrival of outward English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "ABYSSINIA," 1,129 tons, on SATURDAY, 5th December, at 5 p.m.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "PATNA," 1,780 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 9th December, at 4 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 4th December, 1885. Agents.

PASSENGER SEASON, 1886.
ANCHOR LINE.

A first-class STEAMER of this Line will leave BOMBAY for LIVERPOOL and LIVERPOOL for BOMBAY, regularly once a fortnight.

Favourable terms for return passages.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.
Agents.
Bombay, 26th November, 1885.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE following Sailings have been arranged:—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

	Capt.	Tons H.P.	On or about
S.S. WERNETH HALL	T. Collin	4,100 500	26th Dec. 1885

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 11th Nov. 1885.

FREIGHT TO AUSTRALIA.

THE ship "METEOR," will arrive in Bombay in January next and will load for Melbourne.

Applications for freight should be made to

C. H. B. FORBES & Co.
Bombay, 25th November, 1885. 17, Tamarind Lane.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S MILK PUNCH.

FOR COCK-TAILS AND PICK-ME-UPS.

Per doz. Rs. 24 Cash.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER'S CHERRY-BRANDY,

MADE from selected Kent Morellas, is of its kind the finest Liqueur imported

Cash Rs. 2-12 per bottle.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FINE BORDEAUX CLARET.

A FAVOURITE Wine from the District of BORDEAUX. This Wine has been well established in public favour for many years. Its sales are the largest, and it is unquestionably the best value in the Indian Market.

Qts. Rs. 10 per doz. Pints Rs. 6 per doz. Cash.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Limited,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

PETIT MEDOC CLARET

POSSESSES GOOD BODY WITH PLEASING FLAVOUR.

TREACHER and Co.'s importation of this wine is unequalled at the price; the great demand and the good repute it has obtained sufficiently testifies to its excellence.

Per doz. Cash, qts. Rs. 13, pints Rs. 7-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Limited,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BATH, ENGLAND.

MRS. T. ARNOLD AXTENS, 34, Brock-street, has VACANCIES for two or three ANGLO-INDIAN CHILDREN requiring home, care, and education.

Reference is permitted to Colonel Johnston, Elmbrook, Weston-road, Bath; Vans Righi, Esq., Exec. Engineer, Mozufferpore, now on furlough at Brooklands, Teddington; the Rev. Canon Bernard, Bath; the Rev. Prebendary Anderson, Bath; Dr. Cole, the Circus, Bath; Col. Sharpe, 16, Queen Square, Bath; and T. J. Bennett, Esq., *Gazette* Office, Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.
COTTON WASTE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the SUPPLY of COTTON WASTE for twelve months, commencing the first day of February next. Samples and conditions may be seen at the Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

Sealed Tenders endorsed "Tender for Cotton Waste" on the form provided will be received by the Agent at the Company's Office, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, upto 1 p.m., (gun-fire) on WEDNESDAY, 16th December next.

No Tender will be received unless accompanied separately by a deposit of its. 1,000.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 21st November, 1885.

NOTICE.
CAMP MAHABLESWAR, SATARA DISTRICT.

THE CONSERVATOR of FORESTS, N.C., is prepared to RECEIVE APPLICATIONS from CANDIDATES desiring to become Students in the Forest Class in the College of Science at Poona, which is to be formed in January next.

2. Candidates must have passed the matriculation examination of the Bombay University, and must be over 17 years and not over 21 years of age.

3. Selected Forest Students will have to undergo a course of instruction extending over 2 years in the College of Science, Poona, and will be provided with Scholarships of Rs. 7 and 8 for the first year of instruction, and of Rs. 8 and 9 for the second year.

4. Further particulars can be ascertained from the undersigned by letter, or on personal application, at his office,

A. T. SHUTTLEWORTH,
Conservator of Forests, N.C.
November 23, 1885.

INDIAN AND COLONIAL EXHIBITION.

LONDON, 1886.

THE EXPORT AGENCY COMPANY, Ld.
65, LEADENH ALL STREET,
LONDON, E.C.

ARE willing to act as SPECIAL AGENTS for EXHIBITORS.

Several members of the Board of Directors of this Co. Mr. F. G. ARBUTHNOT, Mr. ARTHUR BRANDRETH, and Mr. BAZETT D. COLVIN are so well known in India that exhibitors may have every confidence in their interests being thoroughly well looked after and cared for.

Exhibitors may correspond with the Company at their London address as above;

or with their Agent,

MR. G. L. TREVOR,
3, Hummum-street,
BOMBAY.

'XMAS PRESENTS AND NEW YEAR GIFTS.

TREACHER & Co., Ld., are now offering for sale a large and varied selection of ARTICLES suitable for PRESENTATION in the newest and most elegant designs, purchased personally by their Special Agent from the leading Houses in LONDON, PARIS, and VIENNA.

GOLD JEWELLERY.

Bracelets, Rs. 50 to 400
Brooches, Rs. 20 to 150
Brooch and Earrings, Rs. 40 to 300
Crosses, Rs. 38 to 70
Demi Suites, Rs. 40 to 300
Earrings, Rs. 20 to 400
Fischu Brooche, Rs. 15 to 100
Gentlemen's Albert Chains, Rs. 100 to 200
Gold Studs, Rs. 10 to 18
Gold Mounted Scent Bottles, Rs. 18 to 20
Gold Watches, Rs. 200 to 250
Ladies' Chains, Rs. 80 to 150
Ladies' Collarettes, Rs. 150 to 250
Ladies' Jewelled Rings, Rs. 40 to 500
Ladies' Necklets, Rs. 150 to 250
Lockets and Earrings, Rs. 150 to 300
Lockets, Rs. 40 to 500
Masonic Charms, Rs. 20 to 30
Necklets, Rs. 150 to 250
Pearl Ear Studs, Rs. 50 to 60
Pencil Cases, Rs. 18 to 100
Pen and Pencil Cases, Rs. 40 to 100
Rings, Gipsy, Mizpah, &c., Rs. 20 to 30
Scarf Pins, Rs. 18 to 100
Scarf Rings, Rs. 25 to 60
Sleeve Links, Rs. 30 to 60
Solitaires, Rs. 27 to 40
Studs and Links, Rs. 50 to 80
Trinkets, Rs. 15 to 40
Wedding Rings, Rs. 18 to 25

SILVERWARE.

Babies' Bells and Whistles, Rs. 18 to 25
Card Cases, Rs. 40 to 60
Christening Presents, Rs. 20 to 150
Cigar Cases, Rs. 78 to 180
Children's Mugs, Rs. 45 to 60
Cigarette Cases, Rs. 31-8 to 55
Coffee or Ice Spoons, Rs. 45 to 55
Flasks, Rs. 60 to 70
Fruit Spoons, Rs. 50 to 90
Goblets, Rs. 110 to 200
Match Boxes, Rs. 15 to 20
Muffineers, Rs. 40 to 100
Napkin Rings, Rs. 31-8 to 40
Pop Bowls Rs. 84 to 100
Salt Cellars, Rs. 80 to 140
Scent Bottles, Rs. 18 to 40
Snuff Boxes, Rs. 50 to 60
Sugar Basins, Rs. 80 to 110
Tea Services, Rs. 200 to 400
Tea Spoons, Rs. 50 to 60
Tobacco Boxes, Rs. 40 to 50

SILVER JEWELLERY.

Albert Chains, Rs. 9 to 22-8
Bracelets, Rs. 4 to 45
Brooches, Rs. 4 to 20
Brooches and Earrings, Rs. 12-8 to 25
Cigar Cutters, Rs. 8 to 12
Collar Studs, Rs. 1-8 to 2
Demi Suites, Rs. 12-8 to 25
Earrings, Rs. 7 to 10
Fischu Brooches Rs. 6 to 10
Ladies' Chains, Rs. 9 to 12-8
Ladies' Necklets, Rs. 20 to 55
Lockets and Earrings, Rs. 18 to 25
Lockets, Rs. 8 to 25
Necklets, Rs. 20 to 55
Pen and Pencil Cases, Rs. 10 to 15
Pencil Cases, Rs. 5 to 20
Rings, Rs. 3-8 to 4-8
Scarf Pins, Rs. 2 to 6
Sleeve Links, Rs. 5 to 7
Solitaries, Rs. 4 to 8
Studs and Links, Rs. 9 to 12
Toothpicks, Rs. 3 to 5
Wealemefnas, Rs. 9 to 10

ELECTRO-PLATED AND BRITISH OAK WARE.

Asparagus Helpers, Rs. 13-8 to 16
Army and Navy Cups, Rs. 22-8 to 30
Beer Jugs and Mugs, Rs. 15 to 70
Biscuit Boxes, Rs. 25 to 70
Brandy and Sodawater Frames, Rs. 67 to 100.
Breakfast Dishes, 58 to 70
British Oak Ware, Rs. 4 to 100
Butter Dishes and Coolers, Rs. 18 to 50
Courier Bags, Rs. 5-8 to 11
Cabinet Dessert Sets, Rs. 100 to 200
Cake Baskets, Rs. 35 to 70
Candlesticks, Rs. 25 to 70
Carlton Cruets, Rs. 13-8 to 40
Champagne Buckets, Rs. 40 to 70
Cheese Scoops, Rs. 2-8 to 18
Chutney and Soy Frames, Rs. 35 to 40
Cigar Lamps, Rs. 25 to 30
Claret Jugs, Rs. 18 to 80
Cocktail Stakers, Rs. 18 to 20
Cruet Frames, Rs. 13-8 to 100
Crumb Scoops, Rs. 15 to 20
Dessert Fruit Spoons, Rs. 25 to 100
Dessert Stands, Rs. 31-8 to 100
Dinner Cruets, Rs. 40 to 100
Egg Frames, Rs. 31-8 to 50
Entre Dishes Rs. 50 to 85
Epergnes, Rs. 70 to 200
Fish Carvers, Rs. 27 to 30
Fish Knives, Rs. 50 to 180
Flower and Fruit Stands, Rs. 40 to 200
Goblets and Golf Cups, Rs. 40 to 100
Grape Scissors, Rs. 9 to 11
Ice Claws and Tongs, Rs. 4-8 to 8
Ice Jugs, Rs. 40 to 80
Ice Pails, Rs. 20 to 31-8
Ice Water Urns, Rs. 250 to 300
Jam and Marmalade Jars, Rs. 18 to 40
Liqueur Frames, Rs. 40 to 100
Luncheon Trays, Rs. 130 to 150
Mirrors, Rs. 5 to 40
Majolica Ware, Rs. 4 to 100
Marmalade and Preserve Stands, Rs. 18 to 40
Miniature Tea and Coffee Services, Rs. 60 to 150
Muffineers, Rs. 4 to 40
Napkin Rings, Rs. 10 to 30
Nut Crackers, Rs. 2-8 to 4
Oil and Vinegar Frames, Rs. 15 to 20
Oak Writing Cabinets, Rs. 60 to 50
Pickle Prongs or Forks, Rs. 10
Race Cups, Rs. 40 to 100
Salad Bowls and Servers, Rs. 31-8 to 70
Salt Cellars, Rs. 20 to 60
Salvers, Rs. 20 to 200
Sardine Boxes, Rs. 27 to 40
Side Dishes, Rs. 50 to 85
Sodawater Frames, Rs. 20 to 40
Soy Frames, Rs. 16 to 40
Spirit and Liqueur Frames, Rs. 68 to 100
Sugar Baskets, Rs. 40 to 60
Sugar and Cream Frames, Rs. 36 to 40
Tankards, Rs. 27 to 40
Tantalus Liquor Frames, Rs. 40 to 120
Tart, Pie, or Pudding Dishes, Rs. 13-8 to 30
Tea Caddies, Rs. 40 to 60
Telescopic Cups, Rs. 15 to 20
Tea and Coffee Services, Rs. 100 to 400
Tilting Sets, Rs. 130 to 150
Toast Racks, Rs. 5 to 20
Tripartite Vegetable Dishes, Rs. 70 to 130
Two Handled Trays, Rs. 150 to 200

FANCY LEATHER GOODS.

Albums, Rs. 20 to 70
Aneroid Barometers
Ash Trays, Rs. 2 to 5
Barometers
Binocular Glasses
Blotting Books and Cases, Rs. 22-8 to 70
Cabinet Photo. Frames, Rs. 2 to 10
Card Cases and Trays, Rs. 2 to 20
Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Rs. 3 to 20
Desks and Work Case, Rs. 25 to 150
Dressing Cases and Bags, Rs. 35 to 850
Fancy Tobacco Boxes, 4 to 6 Fans, 8 to 20
Fitted Bags, all kinds, Rs. 7 to 850
Gongs, Rs. 4 to 40
Gladstone Bags, Rs. 22-8 to 60
Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Rs. 25 to 40
Glove Stretchers, Ivory, Rs. 10 to 20
Housewifes, Rs. 6 to 10
Ivory-backed Hair Brushes, Rs. 40 to 60
Jewel Cases, Rs. 25 to 100
Ladies' Carriage Bags, Rs. 7 to 25
Ladies' Hand Bags, Rs. 6-8 to 30
Ladies' Waist Belts, Rs. 12 to 15
Memo. Books and Letter Cases, Rs. 3 to 10
Necessaries, Etui, &c., Rs. 7 to 15
Official Writing and Letter Cases, Rs. 20 to 40
Perfume Cases, Rs. 20 to 60
Photograph Frames, Rs. 2 to 40
Pincushions, Rs. 2 to 4
Pocket Letter Cases, Rs. 4 to 20
Pocket Wallets, Rs. 4 to 20
Purses, Rs. 2 to 15
Scrap Books, Rs. 7 to 40
Sets of Scissors, Rs. 7 to 18
Smokers' Companions, Rs. 60 to 70
Tantalus Perfume Cases, Rs. 20 to 60
Telescopes
Travelling Bags, all kinds, Rs. 35 to 850
Travelling Spirit Flasks, Rs. 2 to 60
Watch Stands, Rs. 5 to 8
Work Boxes and Baskets, Rs. 8 to 40
Writing Cases and Desks, Rs. 25 to 150

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

RUGS, BLANKETS "FOR ALL CLIMATES." "ALL TEXTURES." MAUDS, PILLOWS.

RUGS.

	Rs. a.
THE "MOFUSSIL," a capital Rug for the districts, long, wide, soft, and warm, the best value in India	14 0 to 16 0
The "RAJAH," Best wool, in a variety of cheerful colours; a first-rate Carriage Rug	20 0 to 22 0
THE "EN ROUTE" WRAPPER, very light, soft, and warm	28 0
THE SANDRINGHAM, one of the lightest Rugs made, very warm, in a variety of neat colours, reversible, suitable for Ladies	36 0 to 40 0

REAL WHITNEY BLANKETS.

Best White, made from fine Wool	26 0
Superfine do. do. extra large	36 0
Scarlet, useful for Travelling	24 0
Superfine, extra large	32 0
Arctic Down Quilts, very light and warm, covered chintz sateen	27 0

MAUDS.

	Rs. a.
A large variety, forming a useful Wrapper or material for a Travelling Suit.	
The Heather	20 0
The Skiddow	28 0
Fancy Checks	35 0
Fine Vecuna	40 0
Grampion or Hunting Tartans	45 0

PILLOWS.

BEST ENGLISH HORSE HAIR	7 8
Do. do. FEATHER	7 8
DAK OR RAILWAY PILLOWS	2 0
EIDER DOWN, covered with soft Turkey chintz, very light, comfortable and easy to pack	4 12 to 7 12 to 12 0

CASH (OR V. P. P.) DISCOUNT—Two Annas in the Rupee=12½ PER CENT.

HOAR & CO., { OPPOSITE THE ESPLANADE HOTEL, } BOMBAY.

BOLTON AND COMPANY, GENERAL MERCHANTS, ESPLANADE-ROAD,

HAVE the pleasure to inform their Constituents in Bombay and at Mofussil that they have just received a LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF GOODS in all their departments, and beg to state that their PRICES have lately undergone a COMPLETE REVISION in order that no way be left for any other Firm to compete with them for the same quality of goods, as it is their intention to hold and still maintain the reputation they have always held for their stock.

The JEWELLERY and ELECTRO-PLATED WARE are of the CHOICEST DESIGNS which they beg to recommend as most suitable articles for presentations.

INSPECTION IS INVITED.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!!

By SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT, with their Manufacturing Houses both in England and the Continent,

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD.,

are now in a position to offer and sell at their

BOMBAY HOUSE

their favourably known

WATCHES AND CLOCKS AT ENGLISH PRICES.

Thus giving their Constituents not only the advantage of getting their Watches AT THE LOWEST ENGLISH PRICE, but also SAVING the CARRIAGE and ALL OTHER CHARGES TO BRING THEM OUT TO INDIA.

With a view to state the exact London Prices, the value of each Watch is quoted in ENGLISH CURRENCY and converted into Rupees, at the ruling rate of Exchange.

All Watches accompany a WRITTEN GUARANTEE, and are despatched FREE of POSTAL CHARGES, and at THEIR RISK, to any part of India.

Their Celebrated Campaign Watches	at £ 2 and £ 2-11 or Rs. 25 and 32
Nickel or German Silver Keyless Crystal-faced Geneva Watches	at £ 1-2 or Rs. 14
Do. do. Lever	at £ 1-8 or Rs. 18
Silver Keyless lever Crystal-faced Watches	at £2-14 or Rs. 34
Sterling Silver Keyless lever, durable, superior movement	at £3-12 or Rs. 46
Sterling Silver Keyless lever Crystal-faced Watches, compensated balance	at £4-12 or Rs. 58
Ladies' Keyless Gold Watches, superior movement, in hunting case, 3 years' guarantee	at £4-5 or Rs. 53-8
Do. do. Crystal-faced	Rs. 48
Do. Keyless Gold Watches, in hunting case, extra fine movement	at £5-10 or Rs. 69
Do. do. Crystal-faced	Rs. 63
Gentlemen's Gold Crystal-faced Keyless lever Watches	at £7-4 or Rs. 91
Do. do. Hunting Case	at £ 8 or Rs. 100
Do. Crystal-faced Keyless lever Watches, superior lever escapement, with compensated balance	at £13 or Rs. 164
Do. do. in heavy Hunting Case	Rs. 182

NEW AND COMPLETE STOCK OF PRESENTATION WATCHES

With all the latest improvements.

GOLD OR SILVER CASES.

At, from £4 to £34 each.

SPECIFIC CATALOGUE FREE

To all intending Purchasers.

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,
WATCH MANUFACTURERS AND JEWELLERS,
OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER,
BOMBAY.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON AND ISLAY rank amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow and soft Spirit, genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from Scotland, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen, Rs. 23; per bottle, Rs. 2, cash.

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THE BOMBAY PURVEYING AND GENERAL PROVISION CASH STORES

CONDUCTED ENTIRELY ON THE READY-MONEY SYSTEM.

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OILMANSTORES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
HOUSE-HOLD SUNDRIES, &c.

ICES, CAKES AND CONFECTIONERY.

THIS DEPARTMENT in under the management of an experienced Italian Confectioner.

Market produce Fish, Meat, Poultry, Fruits, Vegetables, etc., supplied at Bombay and to the mofusiel residents.

ORDERS FOR CHRISTMAS CAKES REGISTERED.

W. J. ESSAI.

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COOPER, MADON & COMPANY, LD.,

BY APPOINTMENT TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,

BOOKSELLERS, PUBLISHERS, STATIONERS AND NEWS AGENTS.

NEW BOOKS.

LETTS'S DIARIES FOR 1886.

	Rs. a.
Bradshaw's Continental Guide, November	2 4
Arminius Vambery, his Life and Adventures	3 4
Hinduism, Past and Present; G. M. Mitchell	2 8
Our Horses; by A. Saunders	3 12
The Life of a Prig; by One	2 4
Bengali and Asamese Grammar; by G. F. Nicholl	1 4
Acne: its Etiology, Pathalogy, and Treatment; by L. D. Bulkly	6 4
Catholic Life and Letters of Cardinal Newman	1 8
Reform and Progress in India; by an Optimist	3 4
Edmund Yates: his Recollections and Experiences	3 12
New India, or India in Transition; by H. J. S. Cotton	6 0
Paris Herself Again; by G. A. Sala	2 4
Anthropoid Apes; by R. Hartmann	3 4
Cowper's Poems (Canterbury Series)	0 10
Short Studies from Nature. Illustrated	3 4
The British Citizen: his Rights and Privileges; by J. T. Rogers	0 10
Manual of Cheirosophy; by E. Heron-Allen	3 4
Essays of Michael, Lord of Montaigne; Introduction by H. Morley	3 4
Concordance to the Plays of Shakespeare; by W. H. D. Adams	6 12
History of Manou Lescaut; 225 illustrations; by M. Leloir	28 4
Goldsmith's Vicar of Wakefield, etc. (Morley's Lib.)	0 10
Bombay Army List, December	1 0
Gordon's Journals at Khartoum	3 12
The Will Power: its Range in Action; by J. M. Fothergill	2 4
Charles Darwin; by Grant Allen	1 8

NEW NOVELS.

Prince Otto; by R. L. Stevenson	3 12
Wearing of the Green	2 4
Canon's Ward; by James Payn	1 4
Hetty; by Henry Kingsly	1 4
Number Ninety-nine; by A. Griffiths	0 10
Sacred Vows; by E. Werner	0 10
Riven Bonds; by E. Werner	0 10
Damages; by V. M. Holt	0 10
Tie & Trick; by Hawley Smart	3 12
Margaret; by Fraser Tytler	2 4
Pure Gold; by Mrs. Lovett Cameron	1 4
A Woman's Reputation; by Oswald Crawfurd	1 4
Who Died Last? by Du Boisgobey	0 10
Jonathan's Home; by Alan Dale	0 10
Too Fat, a Domestic Difficulty; by Luke Lovart	0 10
Shooting Niagara! by author of New Democracy	0 10
Mary Price; by G. W. M. Reynolds, 2 pts.	0 12
Prince Zilah; by Jules Claretie	3 12
A Family Affair; by Hugh Conway	3 0

NEW JUVENILE AND PRESENTATION WORKS.

	Rs. a.
A Soldier Born; by J. P. Groves	3 4
Brownsmith's Boy; by G. M. Fenn	3 12
Every day Life in South India	2 4
The Children's Tour; by M. A. Paull	3 12
The Penang Pirate and the Lost Pinnace	1 4
A Terrible Coward; by G. M. Fenn	1 0
In the Bush and on the Trail	2 4
When I was a Child; by Linda Villari	2 4
Stirring Stories of Peace and War	3 12
Adam Hepburn's Vow	1 8
Cytha's Message; by Emma Leslie	1 8
From Pole to Pole; by Gordon Stables	3 4
In Search of the Talisman; by Henry Frith	2 4
On Honours Roll	2 4
Perils of the Deep: by E. N. Hoare	2 8
Two Thousand Years Ago; by Professor Church	3 12
Prudence Winterburn; by S. Doudney	3 4
Nigel Lennox; by L. N. Hyder	3 4
In Quest of Gold; by A. St. Johnston	2 4
No. XIII, or the Lost Vestal; by E. Marshall	1 8
When I was a Child; by L. Villari	2 4
Daisy of Old Meadow; by Agnes Gilberne	1 4
Yarns on the Beach; by G. A. Henty	1 0

ALMANACS, ANNUALS, &c.—

Young Ladies' Journal	1 0
The Art Annual	2 8
Warner's Annual (The Rabbi's Spell)	0 10
Fenn's Annual (Eve at the Wheel	0 10
Illustrated London Almanac 1886	0 10
Hood's Comic Annual	0 10
Diprose's Annual	0 10
Routledge's Annual	0 10
Cassell's Illustrated Almanack	0 6
Zadkiel's Almanacs	0 8
Astronomical Ephemeris	0 8
Little Folks' Annual	0 6
Arrowsmith's Annual	0 10
Every Boy's Annual	3 12
Every Girl's Annual	3 12

OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS.

The Journal of Indian Art. Nos. 1 and 3 to 7, each	1 0
A List of Agricultural Implements and Machines which have been experimented with and found efficient and useful in India during the year 1884-85	0 8
Rough List of Indian Art Ware	0 8
Fifty-one Photographic Illustrations taken by order of the Government of India of some selected objects shown in the Third Exhibition of Native Fine and Industrial Art opened at Simla on 24th September, 1884	35 0

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS.

COOPER, MADON & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE .....Mr. FRAMJI C. MEHTA.
MANAGER....Mr. PERCY SIMPSON.
THE UNIQUE COMPANY.

The Management have the honor to announce that by special request the above Company will perform at the Gaiety Theatre
FOR SIX NIGHTS ONLY.
MISS LOUISE CRAWFORD,
THE EMINENT TRAGEDIENNE,
Will appear in some of her great Impersonations.
GRAND OPENING NIGHT,
TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1885,
The Performance will commence with Broughton's sparkling Comedy,
WITHERED LEAVES.
To conclude with the laughable and mysterious Burlesque, entitled,
LURLINE,
or the Nymphs of the Lurley Berg.
Prices of Admission.—Boxes to hold 4, Rs. 12; Reserved Seats, Rs. 3; Second Seats, Rs. 2; Pit, Rs. 1, and Back Seats, Annas 8.
TICKETS AT SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s.s. DRACO, arrived from ANTWERP, are hereby requested to present their Bills of Lading for our countersignature, and to take delivery of their respective Goods from the Prince's Dock.
The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain Dixon, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing-sheds.
After removal from the landing-sheds the steamer will not be responsible for any damage whatever.
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 3rd December, 1885.

FOR SALE at the godowns of the undersigned :—
Choice Neilgherry Tea, Orange Pekoe .....Rs. 1-6
Fine " " ..... " 1-3
" Souchong ..... " 0-12
" Gunpowder ..... " 0-13
In 1's and 5 lb. packets.
ASPINWALA & CO.,
Bruce Lane.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.—The ADJOURNED QUARTERLY MEETING will be held here on SATURDAY, the 5th instant, at 3 p.m., for the consideration of the question of management of the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital.
H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation; & Secy, Town Council, Bombay, Municipal Office, 4th December 1885.

SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW ZEALAND.
Capital £2,000,000. Paid up, and Reserves £231,708.
Bombay Office, 5, Rampart Row.
ALL CLASSES of Fire and Marine Risks at favourable rates. Claims settled promptly on adjustment.
A. S. MURRAY, Manager.

BYCULLA CLUB.
THERE will be a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Club on MONDAY, the 14th December next, at 5-30 p.m., asking permission to the raising of a sum on Debentures not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 (one lac of Rupees). The sum realized to be appropriated to the payment of Debenture Holders who have not expressed their willingness to assent to a transfer of their securities.
JOHN S. ALSTON,
Hon. Secretary,
5th December, 1885.

FOR SALE.
HYDRAULIC RIVETTING PLANT by Higginson and Co., of Liverpool, property of Estate of late Arthur Sullivan, Railway Contractor, Sind Pishin State Railway.
NEW PORTABLE DIRECT HYDRAULIC RIVETTING PLANT, consisting of Trolly, Crane, Boiler, Pumps with Engine combined, Hydraulic Lift, Jaw Riveter 2 ft. gap, Piping, &c. With a lot of Extras. Cost this year delivered in Kurrachee, £ 406. For particulars, &c., apply to T. R. McLellan & Co., Kurrachee, where the Plant may be seen. Open to an offer.

A CARD.
HERBERT W. WOOD.
(Pupil of HERREN DAVID and KUBE) London.
PROFESSOR of MUSIC, Vocalization and the Art of using the Human Voice.
Pupils thoroughly worked up in French, English, Latin, etc.
Special terms for families.
The highest references given.
Communications to be addressed to
57, Medows Street, Fort, OR 13, Khetwady Back Road, Bombay.

MENTHODYNE.
CURES AT ONCE BY OUTWARD APPLICATION.
INVALUABLE for nervous headaches caused by overwork and study. To be simply rubbed over the affected part, or amongst the roots of the Hair. Can be used frequently, and is quite harmless.
Per bottle As. 12 and Re. 1-4.
PHILLIPS & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE is hereby given that KAICOBAD COWARJEE PUNTHAKEY, Esq., of Bombay, has agreed to sell the following hereditaments and premises:—
All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground situate, lying and being at Mount in the Island of Bombay within the registration sub-district of Maodvie (formerly part of the estate known as the Mount Estate, Mazagon), assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 16619, new survey, No. 3642, containing by admeasurement 22,968 square yards be the same little more or less together with the bungalow, chawl and premises thereon standing, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Nos. 1, 2 and 3, and which said hereditaments are bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the east by the premises of Sassoon Mills, on or towards the west by the Victoria Gardens, on or towards the north partly by the premises of the Sassoon Mills and partly by the property of Dhondoo Mar, and on or towards the south partly by the Victoria Gardens and partly by a public road leading to Mound-road, Mazagon, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Kaicobad Cowasjee Punthakey.
All persons having any claims to or against the said Estate are hereby required to make the same known to the undersigned at their office, No. 17, Church-gate-street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof after which period the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim which (if any exists) will be considered as waived, unless made known before the expiration of such 14 days.—Dated this 4th day of December, 1885.
CHALK & WALKER,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 135 of 1884.
JAMSETJEE PESTONJEE JEEWANJEE of Bombay, Parsee merchant, residing in Cowasjee Patell-street, within the Fort, Bombay. Plaintiff
vs.
DHUNJEEBHOY JEEWAJEE DESSAI of Bombay, Parsee merchant, residing in Todd-street within the Fort, Bombay .....Defendant.
WHEREAS by a consent decree made in the above Suit on the 24th day of June, 1884, it was ordered amongst other things that the Defendant should pay to the Plaintiff on or before the 13th day of November, 1884, the sum of rupees three thousand three hundred and eighty-two with interest thereon at nine per cent per annum from the nineteenth April last until payment and the costs of this suit when taxed and noted in the margin thereof, and in the event of the said principal, interests and costs not being paid on or before the 13th day of November one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell by Public Auction, in such lots as he might think fit, the lands and premises in the said Decree mentioned, that is to say:—
1. All the vacant piece of land with the building of one compartment, situate at Gundavee in the Territory of Gaikwar of Baroda, in Darab Sett's Mohlla in Parseewads, containing by admeasurement five Guj in breadth and fifty-two and a quarter Guj in length, and bounded on the East by the property of Jamsetjee Burjorjee Packia, on the West by the property of Framjee Ruttonjee Parruck or Gander, on the South by vacant ground, and on the North by a public road, which said premises are in the possession of the said Defendant. 2. All that piece or parcel of land with the dwelling house, situate at Todd-street, within the Fort of Bombay, and containing by admeasurement eighty-seven square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows:—On the East by the property belonging to Pestonjee Nowrojee Kharas, on the West by the property of Ardaseer Cursetjee Lackdawalla, on the North by the said Todd-street, and on the South by the property of the heirs of Framjee Wadia, and which said premises are assessed by the Municipality under No. 15, and are now in the occupation of the Defendant Dhunjeebhoy Jeewaji Dessai, and whereas default has been made by the Defendant in such payment as aforesaid save as to the sum of Rupees eight hundred and three.
NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED that on Friday, the 8th day of January, 1886, at the times and places undermentioned, the Sheriff of Bombay will, under and by virtue of the said Decree, put up for sale by Public Auction to the highest bidder and without reserve, the right, title and interest of the said Plaintiff and Defendant in the said lands and premises:—
The property firstly above described will be sold at the Sheriff's office at 3 p.m.
The property secondly above described will be sold on the premises at 4 p.m.
The following is a list of the rights, charges and claims to which the said lands and premises are supposed to be liable:—
The claim of Motilal Hurgowandas to the extent of Rupees five thousand three hundred and sixty-two and annas eleven.
Information is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said Defendant to the same or to any interest therein.
The abovementioned Plaintiff has obtained permission to bid at the sale.
Of the price of each lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith, when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser other than the Plaintiff, the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in each case by the purchaser or her than the Plaintiff to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.
The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.
In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government, and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in by the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.
For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.
Dated 4th day of December, 1885.
R. M. SAYANI,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Messrs. TOBIN & BOUGHTON,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

MAHABLESHWUR READY-LAID DAK.—Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

PEROSHAW BURJORJEE, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier, to H. E. the Rt. Hon'ble Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay. Most comfortable Phaeton and Tonga. Dawks ready laid for Mahableshwar, Panchgani and Satara, on moderate terms. Address Main-street, Poona.

MRS. MARTIN, Late of Poona, Practical Dressmaker and Milliner, 240, Grant-road, Bombay. Ladies' Dress made up according to the prevailing modes.

TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!!—Hundreds of varieties in all kinds of Toys and Dolls, from As. 2 to Rs. 15 each. Prices beyond competition. Apply early.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

XMAS CARDS, Thousands are satisfied with the variety and selection we have, and especially for their cheap prices, from 2 pice each.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

ALBUM of INDIAN VIEWS is the finest present one can send Home as a Souvenier from India, 24 views of the best cities. Post free, Re. 1-1.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

EARLY ORDERS & DISAPPOINTMENT—EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES. The genuine article just received. Very highly recommended. Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4. Rs. 4, 3-8, 2-8, and 2 per 100. Howard and Co.

TO LET,—On Parlie Hill, Bandora, a BUNGALOW, consisting of Drawing, Dining, 5 Bed-rooms with Dressing and Bath-rooms attached. Apply within on this Hill.

FOR SALE, TO-DAY, at BENNETT'S AUCTION, a strong handsome Deccan young PONY.

WANTED soon two experienced LADY MILLINERS, application with certificates to H., care of this Paper.

THE SALE of Surgeon-Major C. S. Close's valuable furniture, piano, plants, &c., at No. 2, Middle Colaba, to-day, at 1 p.m.

FOR SALE—Superior Beehive Brandy landed per Mail steamer "Parramatta." Walter, Nutter and Co., opposite Custom House.

TO BE SOLD, next Monday, at Crawford's public sale, a sample collection of selected toys, suitable for Xmas presents.

TO BE SOLD at Bennett's auction to-day one English-built face-shaped open carriage, by "Desha," with double and single pole.

AUCTION SALE of Dr. C. F. Willis' valuable household furniture, Semi-grand Pianoforte, &c., at No. 21, Marine Lines, to-day, at 1 p.m.

JUST RECEIVED by this mail a large XMAS STOCK of BOOTS, SHOES, &c. Prices moderate. Hussenally Muila Hakimjee & Brothers, No. 1, Crawford Market.

WANTED experienced MANAGING CLERKS for an old established firm of Solicitors. Terms liberal.—Apply stating terms to H. P. care of this office.

ON VIEW. Hon'ble M. Melvill's valuable furniture, Billiard Table by J. Bennett & Co., piants, etc., at Hornby Vellard, West point, Worlee, to be sold on Monday next.

HEALTH is WEALTH.—Our tricycle and rocking horses are excellent to give an evening's agreeable exercise to children. STEWARD & Co., 2, Church-gate-street.

LEATHER GOODS, Purses, Handbags, Dressing Cases, Companion with Music, Albums, Scrap Albums, Writing Desk, Jewel Cases—Morinas and Co., 15, Meadow-street.

TO-DAY—ICES, JORDAN ALMONDS. Vanille, Pineapple and Raspberry, Wines, Spirits, and Christmas Cards, of the best quality, at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, Church-gate-street.

ICES! ICES!! Pistachio and Strawberry Cream, Pineapple water Ice, Ham, Bacon and Cheese, annas 12 per lb. Oilmanstores, Indian Condiments.—Morenas and Co., Wine, Spirits, and General Merchants.

EARLY BIRDS PICK UP THE WORMS—Xmas and New Year Recherché Sachets and Cards from designs by eminent artists, in every style and at low prices.—COLLETT & Co., Limited, 40, Medow-street, Fort.

TO LET, "Panorama House," on top of Chinchpoogly Hill; drawing and dining rooms with five large bedrooms, bath-rooms, outhouses, &c. Fine views of city and harbour. Apply to J. N. TATA, Victoria Buildings, Fort.

ROPES FOR SALE, HARTON'S OILED COIR and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL, Apollo-street.

SYKES' GLASS HYDROMETERS.—A fresh supply just received. A complete set, Rs. 15-8. Apply to ROGERS & Co.

AGRICULTURAL BANKS for INDIA; by W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Annas 8; postage, 1 anna.

WANTED, a SITUATION, by a qualified and experienced BAND MASTER. Apply to T. R. B. care of *Bombay Gazette*.

SEE PEARSE'S CHRISTMAS CARDS, BON BONS AND CRACKERS, also CONFISERIE FRANCAISE, just received.

MATHERAN.—ALEXANDRA and PINTO'S HOTELS are now OPEN to visitors to which eight bungalows are attached.

NICOLSON'S EDINBURGH PALE ALE in Hogheads, in excellent condition. Apply to SIR CHARLES FORBES and Co.

TOM SAYERS GRAND BOHEMIAN BAND (LAST FEW NIGHTS) at TEMPLE BAR, TO-NIGHT, at 9. Admission to Gallery, Re. 1.

DRESSES.—Dresses made to order. General satisfaction expressed by patrons for style and finish of work. MISS COULSON, Carnac-road.

VICTORIA and VICTORIA FAMILY HOTEL, No. 1 Esplanade, next to Gymkhana, and opposite to the Parade Ground. Nice, airy, comfortable rooms.

CEYLON TEA.—Rangalla Estate. Sample Tins of 6lbs. can be obtained from the Wholesale Agents, PHIPSON & Co., Bombay. Rs. 7-8 per tin.

COLD WEATHER TWEED SUITS, all wool, thoroughly shrunk, Rs. 18 to 25. Ladies Ulsters from Rs. 20 each.—John Mahomed and Co., 16 Medow-street.

BOOK OF BOMBAY.—Illustrating the TOPOGRAPHY and HISTORY of BOMBAY and WESTERN INDIA. Cloth bound, Demy 8vo., Rs. 5.

PRICES BEYOND COMPETITION. Gold, Silver and Metal Watches, and Clocks of various descriptions KANNY & Co., Watch-makers, 9, Meadow-street, Bombay

GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON SHEETS, just arrived, 18, 20, 22 and 24 gauge, 6, 7, and 8 feet by 32 inches wide. Richardson & Cruddas, Bombay Metal Mart.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS.—Furniture coverings in Tapestry, Damask, Reps, Cretonnes, Chintz, etc.—JOHN ROBERTS & CO., General House Furnishers, 18, Marine-street.

TO PARSEE LADIES.—A New Stock of Crepe de Chine and Silk Gauzes, in the most delicate shades and at low prices to insure quick sale, on view at The Cash Bazaar, Limited, Fort.

JUST received, a SELECT and CHOICE ASSORMENT of CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S CARDS, by the best Artists, from 4 annas each. —BADHAM, PILE & Co.

"KANGAROO" SAFETY BICYCLES—100 miles in 6 hours. 39min. 6secs. Inventions Exhibition highest award. Price at Bombay, Rs. 26. Apply "KANGAROO," Agency, Madras.

LUNCHEON BASKETS, complete with all necessary fittings; for two, Rs. 18 and Rs. 15 each; for one, Rs. 10 each.
J. NEUBERG, Bombay

GORGONZOLA, Roquefort, and Stilton Cheeses, just arrived in PRIME condition; also FRESH REAL RUSSIAN CAVIARE. Apply Green and Read, Dining Rooms, Apollo-bunder.

PRINTED FLOOR CLOTHS (FARASH).—The Muir Mills Company, Limited, Cawnpore, have a stock of the above in a variety of patterns. Samples and prices on application to the Manager and Secretary.

THE late Mr. W. B. PRESCOTT'S Property, chiefly Camp Kit, will be SOLD BY AUCTION, for the benefit of his Estate, on SATURDAY next, at Mr. A. K. Oliver's Compound, opposite Ladies' Gymkhana.

WANTED, A SITUATION, afloat or ashore as Engineer or Millwright by a certificated Engineer who has had considerable experience in Paper, Cotton, Sugar Mills, Weaving and Ice Factories and Cotton Presses, address W. T. B., *Gazette* Office.

WHOLE-SALE.—Just received Yarn-dyed Khakee Drill at annas 5 to 6 per yard, Ivy, Scarlet Serge Rs. 3 per yard, Army Welsh Flannel annas 10 per yard, Vol. Helmets, complete, Rs. 6 each. Try at Y. A. LACKA'S, near Jackaria Musjid.

WANTED an ASSISTANT SECRETARY for the Bombay Native Piece-goods Merchants' Association; must be thoroughly efficient in mercantile correspondence and a good English writer. Liberal salary to an educated and experienced man. Apply personally, New Cloth Market.

WANTED, a practical and experienced MAISTRI or NATIVE ARCHITECT, and also one or two CLERKS of works the latter with free quarters) for permanent employment. Salary according to qualifications. None need apply who cannot produce certificates as to character and practical experience. Apply to A.B., care of this paper.

CHRISTMAS TREE ORNAMENTS, Candles and Candle-Holders, Toys, Writing Cases, Tea Sets, Toilet Sets.—PEARSE, Apollo-street.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

BONA FIDE SALE of the valuable and handsome household and camp furniture, tents, D. B. gun, revolver, table ornaments, neat and plain glassware, handsome porcelainware, table cutlery, Theodore Knaust's lamps, Hyderabad hall carpets, creton door curtains, books, copper utensils, serviceable grey galloway, Malwa cow, saddle, door curtains, Hyderabad carpets, bentwood chairs, &c., &c., the property of the late W. B. PRESCOTT, Esq., District Police Superintendent, will be sold by public auction at No. 148, Malabar Hill, opposite to the Ladies' Gymkhana, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 5th instant, at 2 p. m.
Catalogues are printed and the property is on view.

SALE OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY.
On MONDAY, the 7th December, 1885, at 2 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their sale rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Meadows-streets, Fort, by order of the Mortgagee, Mr. Mooljchund Hurlochundas, and with the consent of C. A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee, High Court, and Assignee of the estate and effects of the mortgagor Bora Abdool Hoosein Noorbhoy, an Insolvent, the following valuable jewellery consisting of 8 pearl bangles of sizes, 2 pearl rafiul, 1 pearl and gold mureaalee, 1 chip jadow, 1 go ki hasli, 2 gold pochi danani, 1 pearl and bead joogni, 1 gold pan with heerakli, 1 emerald rigz, 1 pearligujpato, 1 gold chain with locket, 3 amalia of gold covered over copper, 1 faika kanthee, 20 gold bangles of sizes, 6 gold kakni, 2 gold kadas, 4 gold sakias, 4 gold pochi, 2 gold mandlia.
By order of the Nowab of a Parsee gentleman, deceased; 4 pearl bangles; 1 pearl mala; 1 brilliant diamond carring; gold sakia, gold googree, and 1 brilliant diamond and pearl carring; (1 pearl about 25 chuv and another 1 pearl about 5 chuv.)
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 5th December, 1885.

NOTICES.

FERNANDES & Co.
FAMILY CHEMISTS, AND DRUGGISTS, &c.
Members of the British Pharmaceutical Conference of London,
25, Meadow-street, Fort, Bombay.
PHARMACY AND DISPENSING.
THIS Department of the Company's business is under the special care of our Mr. FERNANDES of great experience. The dispensing of prescriptions and preparation of medicines are carried on under his immediate supervision. Price very moderate.
FERNANDES & Co.,
Chemists, Bombay.

TO LET, with immediate possession, a very commodious upper-storeyed BUNGALOW in Parel, near Government House, consisting of a handsome drawing-room, dining-room, and five bed-rooms, and has a very extensive compound, most beautifully laid out with special garden, with several fountains in the compound. Rent moderate. For further particulars apply to
P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, (Limited.)
CAPITAL Rs. 15,00,000.
INSURANCE against FIRE effected in any part of India on the most favourable terms. Special advantages offered to insurers in the Island of Bombay. Up-country agents wanted.
C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers, Bombay.

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New Billiard Table.
First class ON PARLE FRANCAIS
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NOTICE.
PURSUANT to Act XXVIII of 1866 of the Legislative Council of India entitled "The Trustees and Mortgagee's Powers Act, 1866." Notice is hereby given that all persons being creditors of or otherwise having any claims upon or against the Estate of FREDERICK AUGUSTUS MAURICE, late of Jubbulpore in the Central Provinces, European District, Traffic Superintendent in the Service of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, deceased, who died intestate at Bombay on or about the 20th day of September, 1885, and Letters of Administration of whose Property and Credits having effect throughout British India the whole of India were granted on the 19th day of November, 1885, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to CHARLOTTE SUSAN MAURICE, the widow of the said deceased, are required to send to Messrs. HORE, CONROY, and BROWN, Solicitors for the said Charlotte Susan Maurice as such administratrix at their office No. 26, Apollo-road, within the Fort of Bombay, in writing their names and addresses and the particulars of their claims upon or against the Estate of the said deceased, and to come to their office on or before the 1st day of January, 1886, as after that date the said Charlotte Susan Maurice as such administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the claims of which she shall then have received notice as aforesaid, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognised.—Dated this 27th day of November, 1885.
HORE, CONROY, & BROWN,
Administratrix Solicitors.

LIST OF ESTATES to which LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION have been granted to the Administrator General, and of Estates which have come under his charge:—
THOMAS TODD, late a Diver in the employ of the B. B. & C. I. Railway.
JOSEPH VINCENT, a Pensioner of the Bombay Light Cavalry, and late of Ahmedabad.
EDWARD WHITEHEAD LOCKYER MORANT, late Assistant Superintendent, Poona and Nasik Revenue Survey.
Casuals FRANCIS RALEIGH JARDINE, late Pension Paymaster, Invalid Establishment, Poona.
Quartermaster Sergeant F. O'CONNOR, of the Unattached List, and late of Mount Abu Sanitarium.
AKBAR or JAMAL, a Native of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant.
CHARLES HERBERT BRACKENBURY, late Lieutenant in Her Majesty's 5th Bo, Light Infantry.
All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed Estates are hereby required to state their claims, pay their debts, and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his office within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the Estates will be distributed, and claims received after that period will not be recognised.
L. RIVETT CARNAC,
Administrator General.
Admr. Genl.'s Office, High Court, Bombay, 19th Nov. 1885.

NOTICES.

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ELECTRIC MACHINES for 10 Incandescent Lamps..Rs. 350
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Do. 10 do. 500 do. .. 1,200
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New ENGINES and BOILERS now in STOCK
Eight horizontal high-pressure Engines with expansion valves from 10 to 25 H.P.
Two Boilers, all steel, 22' and 24' by 5'-9" for 80 and 90 lbs. working pressure respectively.
One Lancashire Boiler, all steel, 26' by 6'-6" for 100 lbs. working pressure.
The following engines are very little used, being in perfectly good condition and nearly new.
One Beam Engine by SirWm. Fairbairn diam. of cylinder 58" and stroke 5', complete with spur and pinion.
One horizontal Pumping Engine, can be worked either as condensing or non-condensing, diam. of cylinder 26" and stroke 4'.
Other second-hand Engines and Boilers of various capacity and pressure also in stock.
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CALENDAR—DECEMBER, 1885.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

New Moon	Dec.	6th, 6h.	8m. p.m.
First Quarter	,,	14th, 11h.	1m. p.m.
Full Moon	,,	22nd, 1h.	49m. a.m.
Last Quarter	,,	28th, 5h.	13m. p.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun Rise.	Sun Sets.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 5	.....	6 21	5 27	10 12m 11 14 a.	4 29m 4 57 a.
Sun. 6	2nd Sunday in Advent	6 22	5 21	10 54m 11 51 a.	5 14m 4 52 a.
Mon. 7	Night Inquiries.	6 23	5 21	11 33m ——	5 53m 5 27 a.
Tu. 8	Hingolee Press Co., Meeting, 12 noon. English mail expected per s.s. Ganges.*	6 23	5 21	0 25m 0 10 a.	6 32m 5 59 a.
Wed. 9	Town Council, 3 p.m.	6 24	5 21	0 58m 0 45 a.	6 57m 6 29 a.
Thr. 10	Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m. Anglo-Indian S. and Manufacturing Co., Meeting, 4-30 p.m. Forest Commission, Kolhar, near Narel Station.	6 25	5 22	1 30m 1 18 a.	7 24m 6 58 a.
Fri. 11	Departure of General Hardinge, Comdr.-in-Chief of Bombay, per Mail-steamer. Departure of English mail per s.s. Parramatta, 5 p.m.	6 25	5 22	2 1m 1 51 a.	7 54m 7 27 a.

* Left Aden at 3 a.m., on Wednesday, 2nd instant.

DIVINE SERVICES.

2ND SUNDAY IN ADVENT, DECEMBER 6.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Plain Matins and Holy Communion, Choral. Hymns 53, 182 and 48.
11 a.m.—Litany with plain Celebration and Sermon by the Rev. A. Goldwyn Lewis.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. H. N. Midwinter. Hymns 51 and 205.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Parisian.
Anthem.—"Judge me, O God."—Mendelssohn.

Thursday, December 10.

7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Daily. Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 4-45 p.m.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, COLABA.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday school.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
5-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, ESPLANADE.
(Pastor—The Rev. John Forgan.)

11 a.m.—Morning Service.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, SONAPORE.

7-30 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Holy Communion with Sermon. Hymns 205, 213 and 323.
4 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 243, 51, and 49.
The offertory in the evening will be for Missions.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion. Hymns 54, 97 and 373.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 64, 68 and 109.

Wednesday, December 9.

6 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6-30 a m.—Holy Eucharist.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral) with Sermon by Rt. Rev. the Bishop of Bombay.
10 a.m.—Matins and Bible Class.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by Rev. F. Page.
Alms for (S. P. G.) Missions.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 46, 243 and 264.
The offertory will be given to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—Mechanics' Institution, B. B. & C. I. Ry., Parel.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.

ST. NICHOLAS'S (SEAMENS') CHURCH, PRINCE'S DOCK.
Festival of St. Nicholas.

10 a.m.—Matins.
4-30 p.m.—Evensong, Sermon and Holy Communion.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held on board the s. s. Feveril, in the Prince's Dock, on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock. Captains, officers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

HARBOUR SERVICE.

SERVICE will be held in the Harbour on board the ship County of Edinburgh at 11 o'clock in the morning. Captains, officers, seamen, and others are cordially invited to attend. The Bethel flag will be hoisted. For friends proposing to attend the Service a launch will leave Arthur Bunder at 10-25 and Apollo Bunder at 10-35 a.m., precisely. All are cordially invited.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, G. I. P. R. Vol., Victoria Gardens, 5-45 p.m.
Unique Company, Gaiety Theatre, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Fachumba (s), from Busreh; and Chindwara (s), Calcutta.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Euphrates (s), K. Coast and Kurrachee; Hydaspes (s), London; Cuina (s), M. Coasts and Calcutta; Bhownuggur (s), Bhownuggur; Francis L. Cooper, Mauritius; and Nurjahan (s), Aden.

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—Programme of music to be played by the band of the G. I. P. R. Vol. this evening at the Victoria Gardens at 5-45:—

March	Little Sister
Overture	Bellario ..... Donizetti.
Valse	Flugschriften ..... J. Strauss.
Selection	La Mascotte ..... Audran.
Valse	Myosotis ..... C. Lowthian.
Galop	Rotten Row ..... Keler Bela.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The increase in goods traffic for the week ending 21st ult. was 67,967 maunds.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Draco entered, and the s. s. Kirby Hall left, the dock on Thursday; the s. s. Inchcrna entered, and the s. s. Nizam, Hydaspes, and Sirsa left, yesterday.

THEFT.—Succaram Luximon, a Hindoo vagrant, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing a dhotur belonging to Ramchunder Dhajee, a mill labourer, at Gowalia Tank-road. He was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

REPORTED THEFT.—Gussoo Ranoo, a coffee-shop-keeper at Falkland-road, has reported to the police that his servant named Balloo had stolen sundry articles of wearing apparel and cash to the value of Rs. 57, on the night of the 2nd inst., and absconded.

SUICIDE.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Byculla, on the body of Tookaram Succaram, aged thirty years. Deceased was a labourer. He had been ailing for the last five years. On Thursday night he hanged himself from the roof of his house. A verdict of suicide was recorded.

DOUBLE EXECUTION.—Cooverjee Ludha, a Bhatia, who was sentenced by Mr. Justice Scott at the last Criminal Sessions to be hanged for the murder of a goldsmith's son on the Esplanade, and Shamjee, *alias* Shunker Rahim, who was also sentenced to be hanged for the murder of the cashier of the late Aga Ali Shah, will be executed at the Common Jail on the morning of Wednesday, the 16th inst.

THE PRESCOTT MEMORIAL.—Out of the sum of Rs. 479 collected for the Prescott Memorial Fund, the Parsees subscribed Rs. 223; the Hindoos, Rs. 188; the Europeans, Rs. 50; and the Mahomedans, Rs. 18. Mr. Prescott was a great favourite with the Parsees, and there is every hope of about Rs. 200 more being yet subscribed by the middle classes of the community.

PARSEE CHIEF MATRIMONIAL COURT.—Buchoobhai, wife of Hormusjee Ruttonjee Shroff, whose last known place of residence was in Auckland, New Zealand, has filed a suit in the above court for divorce on the ground of her husband having been continually absent for more than seven years, and not heard of as being alive within the time. The husband was a resident of Bombay and went to England some years ago, but has not since been heard of. The hearing of the suit has been fixed for the 8th March next.

THE UNIQUE COMPANY.—It will be seen that this company, which had been playing successfully at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute, has transferred itself to the Gaiety Theatre, where, they announce, they will play for six nights only, beginning this evening. Miss Crawford and her colleagues have so favourably impressed the public with their histrionic abilities that they should have no reason to complain of neglect. They purpose producing, from time to time, a number of favourite plays.

THE BOMBAY CHORAL UNION.—The Rev. W. G. H. Ellison, honorary secretary, writes to call attention to the Bombay Choral Union, which is being formed under the conductorship of Herr Scoeckel. Two preparatory classes are held, one at Malabar Hill, and another at Byculla; and it is hoped that another may be formed at Colaba. The rehearsals will be held at some central place later on. If those who are willing to join the society and encourage the cultivation of choral singing would kindly communicate with the secretary, they can obtain full information as to the places of meeting. There is a great need of tenor and bass voices.

THE LATE MR. EDULJEE FRAMJEE DHONDY.—Mr. Eduljee Framjee Dhondy, a well-known Gujerati journalist and author, died on Thursday night at his residence in Girgaum Literary work was congenial with him from an early age, when he contributed to the columns of the *Bombay Samachar* without any remuneration. Some years later he became the responsible editor of the *Jam e-Jamshed* newspaper, which he conducted for a long period with discretion and ability, finding many admirers among the conservative party in the Parsee community. On the *Jam e-Jamshed* passing into the hands of a joint-stock company, Mr. Eduljee's connection with it was severed; but he continued to write occasionally for one of the Gujerati dailies. He was the author of some Gujerati books and plays. He was also the proprietor of the well-known oilmanstore establishment of Messrs. Framjee Nowrojee and Co., of Forbes-street.

VERY REV. J. A. WILLY, S. J.—It is with sincere pleasure we welcome back to Bombay the Very Rev. Father J. A. Willy, S. J., who after an absence of six years at Mangalore returned on Sunday last to the field of his former labours. Father Willy's name is a familiar one to the majority of our readers, as during the many years he spent on this Mission previous to his departure for the South he occupied, at various intervals, several important offices in connection with his Order. To the Catholics of Bombay generally he is, however, best known as the first Superior of St. Xavier's College, an institution which owes to him much of its past and present success. It was he who, in his capacity of Superior and Prefect of Studies, laid down the lines on which the College should be conducted, determined the leading principles and arranged the details which should guide its practical working, and the present flourishing condition of St. Xavier's testifies to his eminent administrative ability. Father Willy is a veteran educationist, and during his stay in Mangalore he founded the present flourishing College of that city, and by his persevering and successful exertions succeeded in greatly increasing the efficiency of the local educational establishments. We can well understand the regret of the good people of Mangalore on loosing his valuable services—regret which has been strongly expressed in several addresses presented to him on the occasion of his departure from that community. We again offer our congratulations to Fr. Willy on his return to Bombay, and trust that his mission may be long enjoy the benefits to be derived from his active and fruitful co-operation.—*Catholic Examiner.*

ANGLO-ORIENTAL PUBLICATIONS.

THE December number of the "Persian Teacher," by Khan Bahadur H. G. M. Munshi and Sons, brings that excellent educational compilation to a close after a successful career of three years. The three volumes are a valuable storehouse of information, and if the student only follows the instructions contained in the book, he will acquire a competent knowledge of Persian with ease and a comparatively small expenditure of time. We understand that the editors propose to issue two more of Anglo-Persian and Anglo-Hindustani lessons which will greatly facilitate the study of those languages. Khan Bahadur H. G. M. Munshi and Sons continue to publish miscellaneous works, and among the latest publications we would draw attention to the "Tarbiyat Nama, "being the second part of the easy Urdu series recommended by the Director of Public Instruction for use in Hindustani schools. The series consists of five parts, each containing a number of progressive lessons according to the Government standard. The use of orthographical rules, diacritical marks, and marks of punctuation renders the series extremely useful for Urdu schools. Another useful work contains a copious glossary of words and full notes on the Bustan of Sadi, Chapter I., with the introductions. The latter is by Hajee Ghulam Ahmed Sahib, Persian teacher, Elphinstone High School, and son of the veteran Khan Bahadur H. G. M. Munshi.

EVENING PARTY TO MR. AND MRS. ARNOLD.

A VERY agreeable evening party was given on Thursday by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, C. S. I., at his bungalow at Girgaum in honour of Mr. Edwin Arnold, the author of the "Light of Asia," and Mrs. Arnold, now on a visit to India. A conspicuous feature of the entertainment was the presence of many Parsee ladies, who moved about freely in the gathering and entered into its spirit in a right way—giving and receiving pleasure. The garden grounds were brilliant with the light of coloured lanterns and Chinese lamps, which had been effectively arranged in rockeries, bowers, and trellises among the trees and plants, while the reception room and other parts of the bungalow had been tastefully furnished and decorated for the occasion. Mr. and Mrs. Arnold were cordially received on their arrival by Mr., Mrs., and the Misses Dosabhoy, and met with a hearty greeting from those of the assembled guests who were already acquainted with them. In the course of the evening several introductions took place; and Mr. and Mrs. Arnold were richer by so many new friendships when they left the bungalow of their host. They were doubtless pleased with all the arrangements made for their entertainment, especially with the music played by Parsee ladies on the piano. A number of European ladies were present. The gathering was a representative one; and among others were the Hon. Mr. Justice Jardine, the Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood, the Hon. Mr. Justice Jardine, the Hon. Mr. Justice Nanabhai Haridas, Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., C. S. I., the Hon. Mr. Forbes Adam, the Hon. Dadoba Pandurang, the Hon. K. T. Telang, C. I. E., the Hon. Budroodin Tyabjee, Messrs. J. Jardine, McNab, Campbell, R. S. Kempball, Harold King, Grattan Geary, H. Carwen, Colonel Wilson, Acting Commissioner of Police, Messrs. T. J. Bennett, Arnold Wright, H. W. Barrow, Reginald Narrow, Dr. Waters, Dr. Weir, Dustoor Pesootun Byramjee, Messrs. Sorabjee S. Bengalee, C. I. E., Raghunath N. Khote, C. I. E., Peroshaw K. Mehta, Nanabhoy Byramjee, Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Vundravundas Purshotumdas, R. M. Sayani, Muncherjee N. Banajee, Tapidas Vurjidas, Jehangir Cowasjee Jehangir, Jehangir B. Murzban, Khan Bahadoor Cowasjee J. Lalcaca, Messrs. Jehangir Dosabhoy Framjee, Sewlal Motilal, Damodhur Tapidas, Tribhowundas V. Madhavdas, Hurkissondas Narotumdas, Tribhowundas M. Nathoobhoy, L. N. Banajee, N. R. Ranina, S. N. Cooper, Dr. A. P. Cama, Dr. Faloonjee Pestonjee, Dr. Cowasjee Nanajee, Messrs. R. D. Setna, K. R. Cama, Cumroodin Tyabjee, Amiroodin Tyabjee, etc. The party broke up about midnight.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE ELECTIONS.

THE *Indian Mirror* (Calcutta) says:—"We are not sorry for the election of Sir James Ferguson, who is likely to be friendly to the Native cause, not only from his inherent sense of justice, but also from the dictates of true patriotism. Mr. Seton Karr might have proved serviceable, if he had not been a *Saturday Reviewer*, but, if we may judge from his Indian career, he is not likely to be deaf to reason. The whole Native country, we feel sure, will be most heartily sorry to hear of the defeat of Mr. Wilfrid Blunt. A Conservative though he is in his political creed, in his feelings and views he is more advanced than most Liberals. If a sufficient number of Conservatives like Mr. Wilfrid Blunt were returned to the next Parliament the cause of India would be safe from serious danger. Mr. Seymour Keay's defeat is another misfortune, though we were by no means sanguine of his success. From the defeat of so many good men and true, our distinguished countryman, Mr. Lalmohun Ghose, may derive this consolation at least, that he has been beaten in good company."

THE *Pandit* writes:—Most of the Anglo-Indian candidates whom the Bombay Presidency Association had condemned, have been elected while many of the nominees of the Association have been defeated. We are extremely sorry for the rejection of Messrs. Slagg and Digby both of whom if elected, would, no doubt, have rendered good services to our country. But what concerns us most is the rejection of Mr. Lal Mohun Ghose, the only Indian, who deservedly aspired for Parliamentary honours. The electors of Deptford would have done no more graceful act then if they had shown their magnanimity by choosing Mr. Ghose to represent their own interests as well as the interests of the dumb millions of India; and in honouring this talented representative of India, they would not only have laid India, under a deep debt of gratitude to them, but would have honoured themselves in the eyes of the impartial public.

WE understand that Sir Frederick Halliday is shortly to retire from the India Council on account of old age. There cannot be two opinions in India as two who shoule succeed the popular member. The choice naturally falls on Mr. James Gibbs, who would be just the man to properly advise the new ministry on Indian matters. He is an old Anglo-Indian without any fads.—*Jam-i-Jamshed.*

RENDITION OF THE GWALIOR FORTRESS.

THE native public and the native chiefs will be delighted at the step taken by the British Government in the matter of the Gwalior fortress. It is only an act of justice upon which Lord Dufferin's Government deserves our sincere thanks. This act will bring the Maharaja of Gwalior in still more friendly relations with the British.—*Bombay Samachar.*

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD and Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

IS RAJKOTE CIVIL STATION IN BRITISH INDIA?

IN the case of the Empress *vs.* Abdool Lutiff valud Abdool Rahimon, which came on for review before their lordships on the 24th ult., it was held that Rajkote Civil Station is not part of British India although the courts and jurisdictions in that station are created by the Government of India, and are recognised by the Foreign Jurisdiction Act. The accused was charged before Mr. H. J. Parsons, Sessions Judge of Tanna, with theft as a servant, and was sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. Justice Jardine, in delivering judgment in the case, said.—In this case the learned Sessions Judge has held that he had jurisdiction to try the accused, who is an inhabitant of the native State of Jinjeera, for the offence of theft, under section 381 of the Indian Penal Code "inasmuch as the theft took place within British territory at Rajkote, and the things stolen were possessed by the chief in a place within the limits of this (the Tanna Sessions Judge's) court's jurisdiction." On the prisoner pleading guilty to the charge under section 381, he was convicted and sentenced. The proceedings of the magistrate show that by Rajkote is meant the British station in Kattywar near the town of that name. We are not aware of any legislative recognition of the British station of Rajkote as a part of British India, nor of any judicial ruling to that effect by this court. On the contrary, the courts of the Political Agency in Kattywar were, by notification 1499, dated the 17th December 1868, Foreign Department, published at page 1288, recognised by the Governor General in Council for the purpose of section 234 of the Code of Civil Procedure, Act VIII. of 1859, which refers to civil courts established by the Governor-General of India in Council in the territories of any foreign Prince or State. Another notification of the Government of India, No. 1783 of the 23rd September, 1874, (printed in Mr. Prinsep's note to section 458 of his Code of Criminal Procedure, seventh edition) in exercise of powers conferred under the 28th Victoria, chap. 15, section 3 (which empowers the Government of India to authorise the High Courts to exercise jurisdiction in respect of Christian subjects of Her Majesty resident within the dominions of Princes and States of India in alliance with Her Majesty) mentions the States of Kattywar as among the native States, territories, and chiefships about which the order is passed. The land on which Rajkote Civil Station is built, it appears, is the subject of an agreement between the Thakor of Rajkote and the Political Agent, dated 25th September, 1863, printed as No. LXX. in Aitchison's Treaties, vol. I, page 169, edition of 1876. This land is thereby assigned in perpetuity to the officers of the Government of Bombay for the purpose of assisting Government in establishing a civil station on its own ground in Rajkote, the Government allowing an annual deduction of Rs. 1,500 from the tribute payable by the native State. Article 13 further stipulates that, if Government ever abandon the station, the land must be returned to the Rajkote State, and the chiefship be thereafter discontinued. There are other conditions about the levy of taxes, the jurisdictions, and other matters. On consideration of all the articles of this agreement, we are of opinion that it does not relate to the sovereignty of the land, although in different respects it deals with its use and confers certain powers and jurisdictions on the officers of the British Government. This power and jurisdiction exercised by the Political Agency officers are, in our opinion, such as Act XXI of 1879, the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, applies to. For these reasons we are of opinion that Rajkote Civil Station is not a part of British India within the meaning of the statute 21 and 22 Victoria, chap. 106; and that as the accused is a subject of the Jinjeera State, the Sessions Court of Tanna had no jurisdiction to try him for the theft. On this ground, we reverse the conviction and sentence. Under section 410 of the Indian Penal Code, as amended by Act VIII. 1882, the definition of stolen property includes property out of the limits of British India. The accused might therefore have been charged with the offence punishable under section 411. We now order that he be retried by the Court of Session on an amended charge for the dishonoretention, the previous convictions being also set forth in the charge.

THE PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

A *Punjab Government Gazette* Extraordinary has been published containing the following valedictory notice:—The tour of service of Brigadier-General T. G. Kennedy, C. B., in command of the Punjab Frontier Force, having expired, the Lieutenant-Governor desires to record the appreciation by the Punjab Government of the services of this distinguished officer. Brigadier-General Kennedy first joined the Corps of Guides in 1854, and served with various regiments of the Punjab Frontier Force as 2nd-in-Command or Commandant from that time to 1880. He was engaged in the siege of Delhi in 1857, and operations in the Delhi District, as Officiating Commandant of Cavalry and Officiating 2nd-in-Command of the Corps of Guides; was twice wounded, honourably mentioned in despatches, and promoted to be Major by Brevet. On the North-West Frontier he served in the following expeditions:—Miranzai, 1856; Sittana, 1858 (mentioned in despatches); Kabul Khel Waziris, 1860; Mahsud Waziris, 1860; Dawar Valley, 1872 (metioned in despatches); besides being employed in minor blockade operations. He commanded the 2nd Punjab Cavalry throughout the Afghan Campaign of 1878-79-80, being present at the actions of Takht-i-pul, Shahjui, (in which he commanded a force of Cavalry, Artillery, and Infantry), Ahmed Khel (mentioned in despatches), Arzo, and Futkabad Shana (mentioned in despatches). For his services in this campaign he received the Order of the Bath. He succeeded to the Command of the Punjab Frontier Force on the 7th September, 1880. He had the chief command of the Field Force employed against the Mahsud Waziris in 1880 (on the successful issue of which he received the approbation of the Government of India), and of the Takht-i-Sulieman survey expedition of 1883. In his kindly consideration for those serving under him, in which the interest and welfare of the humblest were always remembered, and in his unsparing attention to details, which are so essential to efficiency, Brigadier-General T. G. Kennedy has ever shown as a Regimental Officer and as Commandant of the Force and example of devotion to duty which the Lieutenant-Governor trusts will long be remembered on the Frontier. As Commandant of the Punjab Frontier Force Brigadier General Kennedy, whilst maintaining the soldier-like reputation of the Force in quarters and in the field, has cordially co-operated with the Civil Officers of the Frontier Districts and the Punjab Government has always felt that his counsel could be entirely relied upon as sound and impartial. In bidding farewell to Brigadier-General Kennedy, C.B., the Lieutenant-Governor desires to convey to him his assurances of the hearty acknowledgments of the Punjab Government for the zealous and conscientious manner in which he has labored in its interests, and to assure him that he takes with him the best wishes of the Civil and Military Officers and Soldiers of the Province with which he has been honorably associated since the memorable days of the Mutiny.

THE PUNJAB UNIVERSITY.

IN its observations on the present state of the Punjab University, the *Bombay Gazette* has apparently been guided by a letter written, in December last, by Sir Lepel Griffin, and by a second letter written a few weeks ago by Dr. Leitner. Since Sir Lepel Griffin wrote, a special committee, appointed by the Senate, has entered into and completed a careful investigation of the financial position of the University. This Committee was originally composed of Mr. Justice Barkley, Mr. R. Logan, officiating Accountant-General; Pundit Ram Narain, recently officiating as Judge of the Chief Court, Dr. Leitner, Messrs. E.W. Parker and Lewis, and Babu Navina Chandra Rai. The inquiry was a long one; and of the original members, only the first three pursued it to the end. Their names, however, afford ample guarantee that the work was thoroughly well thrashed out; the least suspicion of partiality, prejudice, or incompleteness being absolutely impossible. Everything substantial in the complaints to which the *Bombay Gazette* has given publicity has been dealt with in this Committee's report. The report itself was signed on the 25th of September last; and was duly brought before the University Syndicate. Several meetings were held by the Syndicate for the discussion of the report, which was carefully and laboriously considered. The Syndicate finally sent up for the approval of the Senate, a number of resolutions, based on the opinions of the special committee, and laying down the necessary action to be taken. These resolutions were taken up at a meeting of the Senate on Saturday last, and again yesterday. On Saturday the Senate sat from 11 in the morning till past 6 in the evening; and for several hours on Monday. The Hon'ble Sir Charles Aitchison, as Chancellor, was in the chair. A very large number of Fellows were present; and many proxies were received from Fellows unable to attend. The proposals of the Syndicate were discussed, one by one; and with two unimportant exceptions, were duly carried. The resolutions carried on Saturday will be found elsewhere. The proceedings of Monday included the appointement of Mr. Clifford to be Law Lecturer, and of Mr. Oman to the Assistant Registrarship.—*Civil and Military Gazette.*

ADDITIONAL PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co's s. s. Hydaspes, Captain G. Scrivener, sailed yesterday for London, with the European mails and the following additional passengers:—

For London.—Mr. Parker and Mr. Macnichar.
For Brindisi.—Mr. Chas. Cowper.

THE WEST DECCAN RAILWAY.

AN important work in the Bombay Presidency is unobtrusively approaching completion.

Since Sir James Fergusson broke the first ground by a skilfully contrived dynamite explosion, on the 14th February, 1884, the aspect of things at Ghorpuri, near Poona, has undergone an unmistakeably palpable change. A quiet meadow with nothing to disturb its rusticity, save an unobtrusive view of the G. I. P. line and of the derelict Ghorpuri barracks, it has now become one of those familiar scenes of this progressive age that are all bustle and business, with rails, sleepers, embankments, cuttings, engine-sheds, store-houses, bungalows, and coolies all energetically attesting the end of the time that was and the beginning of a new era. The actual point of junction with the G. I. Railway for the West Deccan line will be at the G. I. P. Company's Poona station, but the point of departure for which the main line rails of the West Deccan are already laid will be just beyond the G. I. P. level crossing on the Koregaum road, which is a few yards under the first mile beyond the Poona station. From the station to this point of departure the West Deccan rails will run alongside those of the G. I. P. Company, branching off on their own account, as we have just stated a little beyond the crossing of the Koregaum road. The plans for the junction station at Poona, which have been agreed upon by the respective companies have received the sanction of Government, and will be as follows. The West Deccan station will be erected directly opposite and to the north of the present G. I. P. station, and passengers will cross from one platform to the other by means of a sub-way connecting the two platforms in a manner similar to that adopted on many of the principal junction stations in England. The West Deccan rails will run for a few hundred yards on the north side of the G. I. P., crossing to the south before finalling diverging at the point already mentioned. The Southern Mahratta Company (of which the West Deccan forms only a part) have made large purchases of land in the vicinity of the Poona station for sidings, goods-sheds, engine-sheds, and staff quarters; but we understand that it is under contemplation to keep up the present store sidings at Ghorpuri after the line is open for traffic, with the double object of providing an ample sufficiency of siding accommodation, and of arranging for the departure and arrival of troops at Ghorpuri instead of at the Poona station.

For construction purposes the West Deccan line is apportioned into four divisions. The Jejuri division comprises a length of 83 miles, from Poona to Koregaum; the Karar division runs 65 miles from Koregaum to Naudreh; the Baramati division covers 60 miles, from Naudreh to Gokak; and the Londa division, running 68 miles, from Gokak to the junction at Londa with the South Deccan line of the system completes the 276 miles of the West Deccan line. The divisions are each in charge of an Executive Engineer, and take their names, excepting the Jejuri and Londa divisions, from the Executive Engineers' head-quarters, which are fixed at stations selected for their general convenience and accessibility. The Jejuri and Londa divisions might manifestly have been appropriately designated after Poona and Belgaum; but as there were already Public Works Department divisions named after these stations, it was found necessary, in order to avoid confusion in correspondence, to give the railway districts other titles. The greater part of the West Deccan line is under the supervision of Mr. Hallum as Superintending Engineer, whilst the entire system is controlled by Colonel Lindsay, R. E., Chief Engineer, an officer whose services the Southern Mahratta Company were fortunate in securing. A glance at the map will show the importance of the position taken by the West Deccan line with regard to the country and to other lines. It taps more or less approximately all the principal Native States in the Southern Mahratta Country, runs roughly at right angles with the G. I. P. Railway, with the South Deccan line of its own system, and with the Portuguese Railway, which describes a rough parallel with the coast, with the Western Ghats, and with the East Deccan line, also of the Southern Mahratta Company's system) at distances which, though at some points considerable, are nevertheless on the whole distinctly measurable for commercial purposes. Almost immediately after leaving Poona for the south, the line begins to ascend by gradients at the steepest of 1 in 100; the height of the rails above sea level at the centre of the booking office at Poona station is 1815 feet, shortly before the second mile the first gradient of 1 in 100 for nearly 9,000 feet carries the level to a height of 1,917 feet which drops to 1,906 feet at the first station out of Poona Phursingi, situated at the tenth mile. After leaving Phursingi the line describes a series of exceptionally sharp curves with a minimum radius of 600 feet, and surmounts the Chota Bhore Ghaut, where the Poona range begins gradually to fade into the Eastern plains, attaining at the twenty second mile to an altitude of 2,490 feet. Thus between Poona and the twenty-second mile an ascent is made of nearly 700 feet, an average of 32 feet per mile, or, if the distance be reckoned from Phursingi, an average of nearly 49 feet per mile. From the twenty-second mile a corresponding descent takes place, bringing the level at the forty-seventh mile down to 1,813 feet, 2 feet lower than the starting point to suit here a grander ascent has to be confronted that of the Salpi Ghaut, by scaling which the line rails attain an elevation of 2,634 feet above sea level. This incline of 821 feet is accomplished in a distance of 21 miles, bringing the line to the Waterfall station at mileage 68. This point will derive importance from being the readezvous for Mahableshwar, and the company are erecting a station calculated to meet, as far as possible, in the way of waiting and refreshment rooms, the demands that such an aristocratic vicinage will impose. There is evidently, in these days of the emasculated rupee, a growing determination on the part of Anglo-Indians to take more advantage than hitherto of the amenities of Indian hill-stations as rivalling the expensive and, in many ways, unsatisfactory trip home, and not the least of the boons conferred by the West Deccan line will be the greater facility of access to such a pre-eminently charming resort as Mahableshwar. Beyond water the descent of the Salpi Ghaut begins, and after passing Satara Road station the level at Koregaum, a little short of the eighty-fourth mile, sinks to 2,176 feet; at Naudreh, mileage 148, the level is exactly the same as at Poona, that is, 1,815 feet above the sea; at the Krishna River it is only 1,768 feet, but beyond this point a gradual ascent brings the level at Gokak Road to 2,083. This incline is continuously varied by occasional declines as far as Belgaum at an elevation of 2,452 feet, whence a fresh descent to Londa reduces the level to 2,087. At Londa the West Deccan line, with which our present remarks are concerned, terminates. The distance from Poona is 276 miles, and here a junction is effected with the company's South Deccan line, thus bringing, when the Portuguese Railway is completed, Bombay, Poona, Belgaum, Goa, Dharwar, Hubli, Gadag, Bellary, Hyderabad, Madras, and (with the Durryhur extension) the whole of the South India system into direct railway communication. How much further this railway "touch" may be said to extend a glance at the map will show.

The line will cross several important trunk roads, as also the Right Bank Mutha Canal, the Left Bank Nira Canal, and the Kara, Nira, Yeria, Krishna, Ghatprabha, and Malprabha Rivers. The bridge over the mighty and sacred Krishna, which flows with meandering course a length of 800 miles form Mahableshwar right across the peninsula into the Bay of Bengal, will probably be the only one that will attract the attention of the traveller. This bridge will not be as notable a structure as the bridge over the same river on the sister line near Alimati which is 3,150 feet in length, spanning the river at one of its broadest reaches, but the stream at Kudchi, where the West Deccan crossing is situated, is full and powerful, and necessitates a bridge 1,650 feet long, consisting of wrought iron piers with eleven 150 feet girders. The extreme depth of the river at this point is about 75 feet, high flood level in 1881 was 1758·84 feet, and formation level on the bridge is ten feet higher. As on the other large bridges on the Southern Mahratta system a cart track will be provided. The bridges over the other rivers will have the following lengths in feet:—The Kara, 250; Nira, 4000; Yeria, 600; Ghatprabha, 800; and the Malprabha, 400. The first tunnel on the Jejuri division at the fourteenth mile is 500 feet long, necessitating the removal of 104 000 cubic feet of rock; the third tunnel at the sixty fourth mile is of the same dimensions, and the second tunnel at the eighteenth mile is 600 feet in length with 124,800 cubic feet of excavation. On the ghaut works there are numerous heavy cuttings and embankments, involving much labour, but no works that provide interest of such sensational character as is experienced on the marvellous railways of the Rocky Mountains, though, it must be said, that the hills and valley, the forests and streams and the general environment of the West Deccan line are well calculated to reward the most exacting tourist.

At most seasons of the year the country through which the line passes enjoys a dry, cool, invigorating climate, and running as it does at an average elevation of some 2,000 feet above the level of the sea, with several points of nearly 2,700 feet, and with the lofty and fantastic outline of the ghauts towering nearly all along the line into the western horizon, this railway will afford one of the pleasantest trips to be obtained throughout India. At present the line is still at a comparatively early stage of construction, but the works are being pushed forward with commendable energy. It is hoped that the first 83 miles from Poona to Koregaum may be opened for traffic on the 1st April next, and that the whole line will be open early in 1887. The cost of construction is estimated at Rs. 29,391,285, giving for 276 miles a cost of Rs. 1,04,858. An account of the West Deccan line would be incomplete without some reference to the places of interest that lie along the route, for the Southern Mahratta Country is the land of romance, the home of the hardy race whose remarkable system of predatory enterprise was wielded by the genius of the great Shivajee into consistency of a mighty empire that sapped the foundations of the Grand Moghul's dominion and yielded only to the destiny of England. The whole of the line passes through a country that once owned the sway of the founder of the confederacy, and most of the stations and towns in the vicinity preserve some legend of the hero's prowess. Jejuri, the second station out of Poona, is renowned for its Hindu temples to the god Khandoba, its Mahrata reservoirs and its pilgrims from many miles around who will shortly pour their tribute into the railway exchequer. Water with its handsome waiting rooms and with the sturdy locomotive puffing among the hills will recall with vivid contrast to the mind of the tourist bound from Mahableshwar the tragic story of how Shivajee descended from the fortified pinnacle Pratabghur to stab the brave old Bijapur General, Afzool Khan. The next station of importance is Satara Road. It is to be regretted that the line could not have been placed nearer to such an important centre as Satara; but its being so placed would have necessitated a much more expensive route along the right instead of the left bank of the Krishna, involving the bridging of several of its tributaries, and would, moreover, have placed the line on the wrong side of this large river for all the stations from Koregaum to Shedtal. The Satara collectorate is busy and populous, and the train of Satara with a population of about 30,000 ranks twelfth in the Bombay Presidency. It is very prettily situated and the station is considered one of the healthiest in the Presidency. Like most places in the Deccan of any importance, it has a history in which is written largely the name of Shivajee. It contains many places of interest, notably the old hill fort, said to date from the year 1190. Rahimatpur has a population of over 7,000, is a business-like little place, and boasts a mosque and mausoleum supposed to have been built in honour of a Bijapur nobleman in the reign of the seventh king, Sultan Mahmoud. Karad is a very ancient town and an important trade centre with a population of some 11,000 souls, and a stock of minarets, forts, caves, hills, temples, and a renowned well of 90 steps to enlist the tourist's interest. It is very picturesquely placed at the junction of the Krishna and the Koyna. Tasgaon (population 10,206) has a considerable cotton trade, and is noted for streets and buildings unusually handsome and spacious for a native town. Near its entrance into the Belgium district the line passes a few miles to the east of Kolhapur, in the capital of the State of that name, a respectable and progressive little principality and one of the chief remnants of Mahratta sovereignty. Gokak, a municipal town with a population of 10,205, is famous for its wonderful cataracts formed by the rapids of the Ghataprabha River. The falls are regarded as among the most remarkable in the world, performing a leap of 170 feet over a sandstone cliff, with a volume of water at high floods equal to two hundred times the ordinary flow of the Thames. With its falls, forts, temples, picturesque gorges, and hills, Gokak is undoubtedly well worth a visit. Belgaum, 242 miles from Poona with a population of 33,000 ranks as the seventeenth city in the Bombay Presidency, is the head-quarters of the Collectorate, and of a military sub-division. It has just been

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, DEC. 4.

THE slight decrease in the proportion of Reserve to Liabilities from 46 to 45 per cent, as shown by the weekly return of the Bank of England received through Reuter this morning, is by no means an adverse feature. Discounts nearly always increase at the beginning of the month, and rates for money in the open market exhibit no change. French Rentes are again ¼ higher at 108½, and Consols have improved ¼ to 99½. Indian Securities, both sterling and rupee, remain unaltered. In Exchange Bank shares Chartered are 10s., Hongkong and Shanghai £1 higher. Chartered Mercantile are unaltered at £18-10.

In Produce the only article noticed from London in the public telegrams is wheat, which is said to be firm and 3d. per quarter dearer in No. 2 Club.

Cotton in Liverpool yesterday closed quiet, with sales of only 8,000 bales, comprising, however, 600 Surats, a somewhat larger proportion than we have had reported of late. In spot prices there is no change to notice, but Americans to arrive are 1-32d. lower in all positions except March-April deliveries, which have only declined 1-64d. From New York no alteration is reported. The receipts of cotton at the U. S. Ports to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

	1885.	1884.	1883.
Thursday's receipts.....	31,000	40,000	35,000
Six days do.	19,000	216,000	216,000
Total since 1st Sept.....	2,618,000	2,709,000	2,706,000

In the cotton market here to-day prices have been the turn lower, sellers showing more disposition to do business in view of the increased supplies becoming visible. Transactions to the extent of about 1,800 bales are reported to have been put through during the day, comprising good Omra native selection at Rs. 182 February, Rs. 181 March, good Julgaum March Rs. 182, F. G. F. Nugger March Rs. 178, and Good Broach March at Rs. 209. There is a very fair inquiry at about these figures, or Re. 1 less, showing that a larger business is merely a question of a slight difference in price.

WHEAT is very firmly held by sellers, but buyers do not seem disposed to operate freely for future delivery at ruling rates. Ekdani is the description most wanted ready, and very full prices are being paid to complete shipment.

FREIGHTS.—The market is still quiet, so far as the extent of new business is concerned; but rates, if anything, are the turn steadier, especially for Liverpool and London. We quote now :—

	Ready.	Forward.
Liverpool.....	16-3	17-6 to 20
London.....	16-3	17-6 to 20
Open Charter	}	}
Havre.....	} 21-3	} 21-3 to 25
Dunkirk	}	}
Antwerp	}	}
Marseilles	20 to 21-3	22-6 to 25
Trieste-Venice	27-6 to 2	27-6 to 32-6

EXCHANGE.—We have had a quiet steady market for sterling bills, without alteration in rates. As usual on mail-day, there has been very little doing. Closing quotations are :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 6 3-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 6 5-32d.	,,
Do. Three months' sight.	1s. 6 5-16d.	,,
Credits ,, ,,	1s. 6 13-32d.	,,
Francs ,, ,,	1-94.	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—The market continues very quiet. For Fours we quote Rs. 97½ to 9-16 ready, Rs. 97⅝ forward. Fours-and-a-half are still Rs. 99⅝.

SHARES.—The tone remains steady, but business is the reverse of active, and we have not a single alteration to make in our quotations.

COMMERCIAL ITEMS.

The correspondent at Rome of the *Liverpool Daily Post* is responsible for the following, under date of 12th November :—

ROME, THURSDAY.—A powerful syndicate, supported by the leading Italian and foreign bankers, has been formed at Milan for the purpose of forcing up the price of silks.

Our American friends in the Wheat trade are evidently watching the movements in the article on this side very closely. The *North Western Miller* of Minneapolis says :—

The anticipations of those who are pleased to see a small crop and prospectively high wheat prices are clouded by the other prospect that Indian wheat growers must not only share in the benefits of a higher market, but are sure to be influenced thereby to greatly increase their acreage another year. We must not be understood as fearing serious results from heavier competition by Indian wheat. It is not, at best, a product which makes good flour, and we look upon it merely as a rival in importing markets which must be met and on terms constantly approaching equality. For Indian wheat is improving in every characteristic pertaining to a good milling article.

We invite the attention of the managers of our local Telephone Co. to the subjoined extract from an American commercial paper. When shall we be able to make a certainty of being distinctly heard over 2½ miles of wire in Bombay ?

The telephone seems to have made slow progress in England. London papers are making a great noise over the fact that a conversation was recently carried on over 200 miles of wire. The writer talked over a 250 mile circuit of wire some six years, ago away out in Colorado, nearly 2,000 miles from our alleged centre of progress and genius.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

——	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
					Rs
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		715
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 p.c.	815
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	830x
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	587½
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	all	6 do.	130
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	£61
National Bank of India	37,326	250		5 pct.	110

RAILWAY COMPANIES

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	£100	..	..	£142
B. B. & C. I. R. Guarantees 5 per cent.	..	£100	..	..	£147

DEHRA DUN, June 21st, 1885.

MESSRS. LAWRENCE AND MAYO.

GENTLEMEN,

A member of your firm in November, 1880, fitted me with a pair of spectacles which I have used ever since, and I am now anxious to get another pair exactly like them, as they suit me better than any I was able to get in London, and in fact are the only pair I can wear without discomfort or pain to the eyes.

Yours faithfully,
J. CHESTER,
Lieut.-Colonel.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS,
Opticians to the Principal
Ophthalmic Surgeons in India,
Old Bond-street, London,
and Rampart-row (above Soundy and Co.)
Bombay.
Consultation hours—ten to six.

SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS.

CALCUTTA EXHIBITION
OLD MEDAL AND FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE,
THE HIGHEST AWARD FOR
SYMPATHETIC SQUARE PIANOS,
SOUNDY & CO., LD, BOMBAY,
Sole Agents in India for the
SCHIEDMAYER PIANOFORTEFABRIK
STUTTGART,
(J. & P. SCHIEDMAYER).

THE only maker of that name, whose instruments obtained ONE GOLD and TWO SILVER MEDALS with first-class Certificates, proving the superiority of their Pianos over all others exhibited.

We would caution intending purchasers, not to confound the name with that of SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE, whose Pianos we do not import. Our Pianos by SCHIEDMAYER, of STUTTGART, have iron frames cast in one piece, are the HANDSOMEST PIANOS made, have TWO PEDALS and AMERICAN DAMPERS. Price with Zinc-lined case Rs. 850, or with one Pedal Rs. 800.

See our illustrated price-list free by post.

SOUNDY & CO. LD., BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

LETTERS, PARCELS, and TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR and the PRIVATE SECRETARY which cannot be delivered at BELLA VISTA, MAHABLESHWUR, by 2 p.m. on MONDAY, 7th proximo, should be addressed to GOVERNMENT HOUSE, GANESH KHIND, until further notice.

G. H. R. HART,
Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.
Bella Vista, Mahableshwur, 30th, November, 1885.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. WARNE.
PROFESSIONAL PIANOFORTE TUNER,
BOMBAY.
Address letters care of Messrs. WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.
Anglo-Indian and General Agency,
23, Apollo-street, Bombay.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
Extracts teeth under Nitrous Oxide Gas.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL.
This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England. In bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.
**. AGENTS WANTED.

PERFECT FITTING GLASSES.
MR. PESTONJEE DHUNJEEBHOY DAVER writes :—"After testing my sight, you supplied me with a pair of your "EUREKA" SPECTACLES. I have now used them for more than six months, and have found them very cool, and can read for hours without my eyes feeling fatigued."
Pamphlet, with instructions how to get properly suited for Mofussil Residents, free on application.

N. LAZARUS, Oculist-Optician,
New Buildings, 28, Meadow-street, (Opposite Fort Chapel,) Bombay.
13, Old Court House Street, and No. 1 Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
WE HEREWITH CERTIFY THAT MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY AND POONA, ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE'S* PIANOS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, and that our Pianos, which we have built especially for the Indian climate for more than twenty years, are only shipped by us for Bombay to the above Firm.
We also state as a caution to the public that Pianos bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER ONLY, which are offered for sale by other houses are by a TOTALLY DISTINCT MANUFACTURER,
SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE*,
Pianoforte Manufacturers to His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg, Germany,
Established 1809.
FRESH CONSIGNMENTS of these celebrated Pianofortes arrive regularly on the 25th of every month by the Austrian Lloyd Steam Navigation Company steamers.

Plain Square	Rs. 750
Sympathetic Square.....	,, 825
Boudoir or Concert Piano (on three legs).. ..	,, 1,425

TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH ON DELIVERY.
N.B.—None genuine Unless bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE IN FULL.
The Hire System being greatly in vogue, and also an easy mode of ultimately possessing a Piano, MARCKS and Co. are prepared to offer the following advantageous terms, viz :—

Plain Square Piano .....Rs. 3-0 per month for 24 months.	
Sympathetic Square..... ,, 36-0	,, ,,
Boudoir (on three Legs).. ,, 66-0	,, ,,
Tin Lined Cases.....	Rs. 25 Extra.

DELIVERED FREE AT ANY RAILWAY STATION
Bombay or Poona.
MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
Poona : 1, East Str — Bombay : 43, Road Esplanade

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

HAMILTON—November 30, at Ahmednagar, the wife of T. S. Hamilton, C.S., of a son.

DEATH.

HAMILTON—November 30, at Ahmednagar, Katharine Frances, the beloved wife of T. S. Hamilton, C.S.—R.I.P.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

GUTERSLOH—November 27, at Ajmere, the wife of F. N. Gutersloh, Locomotive Superintendent, R. M. R., of a daughter.
McLEECE—November 30, at Perambore, Madras, the wife of J. McLeece, M. S. C., of a daughter.
SMITH—November 29, at Kathleen Villa, Infantry Road, Bangalore, the wife of Sergt. J. Smith, Commissariat Dept., of a son.
WOOD—November 23, at Barrackpore, the wife of the late E P Wood, Esq., Barrister-at-law, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

DAWES—LEWER—December 1, at St. Mary's Church, Fort St George, Madras, by the Rev. C. H. Pells, Garrison Chaplain, W. Myers Dawes, Lieutenant, 28th Regt. M. L, to Ada Warren, eldest daughter of Surgeon-Major A. Lewer, Army Medical Staff.

DEATHS.

COTTER—November 29, at Fort Lahore, of remittent fever, Raymond Kyle, son of Surgeon-Major Cotter, M. D.
PARSONS—November 29, at Dehra Dun, Rev Josiah Parsons, aged 58 years and 2 months.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1885.

THE electors of the Southern or Evesham division of Worcestershire have returned Sir Richard Temple to Parliament. The Presidency Association will probably regard this as another blow, but Bombay generally will take the misfortune with a certain cheerfulness. The man who as Governor of this Presidency used to ride a thousand miles and create civilisation and a railway, earned as his guerdon a large share of sympathy and good-will. The public interest accompanied him to the Apollo-bunder, when he proceeded to Worcestershire in pursuit of Parliamentary honours. When he beat the mail by five hours Bombay was gratified. When he lost his coat-tails and the election we shared the pang. Now that East Worcestershire thinks better of him, and returns him to the House, Bombay will regard the tribute to the perseverance and merits of her ex-Governor as in some sort a compliment to herself. If the misfortunes of our friends always give a subtle pleasure, their success contributes to our self-complacency. Having the good fortune to be represented in the House of Commons by two ex-Governors, the Western Presidency rather scores over Bengal and Madras. The fact that their ex-Excellencies will be sustained and encouraged by three other distinguished Bombay men, who have succeeded in getting into the House where so many other aspirants have found the doors closed against them—at all events for the time being—does not, in our point of view, constitute any disadvantage, in so far as the interests of this Presidency are concerned. In Bengal, we grieve to learn, that the "national heart was entirely broken down, and every one of us is unhappy beyond description" because Mr. Lal Mohun Ghose has been defeated at Deptford : but with the five representatives of Bombay in the House we can look the future in the face. We are not "quite stunned," and our hearts are not entirely broken down. We make the best of things. We never shared the too generous confidence of those who thought it wise to place all their eggs in one basket. There is no reason for pretending to be cast down or disappointed at the general result, though we could have wished that some of the Anglo-Indian candidates who have been left in the outer darkness had been among the chosen. The Five will all sit on the same side of the House, and their unanimity may sometimes be wonderful, not to say afflicting. If Mr. Slagg and Sir John Phear were on the other side, with Mr. Digby, and the arithmetical Mr. Seymour Keay, to watch and worry and contradict them, and prevent them from falling into the delusion that they possess all available knowledge of India and her requirements, we should be quite at ease. We should not object even to make up a half-dozen of Anglo-Orientals on the Conservative benches by giving them Mr. Wilfred Blunt as a colleague. The fact that Sir Richard Temple, Sir James Fergusson, Sir Guyer Hunter, Sir Lewis Pelly, and—here alas ! the "Sirs" run out—Mr. J. M. Maclean will sit together, and enjoy the reputation of being the sole repositories of special knowledge on the things of India will give them an undue advantage. The Presidency Association may perhaps console itself under the sense of disappointment by the thought that its solemn declaration in advance that none of the men who have now got in are representative of native aspirations, or in sympathy with them, will prevent the House and country from imagining that when they speak they speak with the voice of India. It is certainly to be regretted that there is not a more complete representation in the House of the different shades of opinion in course of development in India. However, a good deal has been gained even as matters stand. On a former occasion we referred to the qualifications which constitute four of the Anglo-Indians who have found their way into Parliament valuable representatives of the Bombay Presidency. To these four has now been added a fifth. Sir Richard Temple possesses an exceptional knowledge of all parts of India, and especially of Bombay. His phenomenal activity and untiring energy are a guarantee that his acquaintance with Indian questions will be turned to full account in promoting discussion. The errors of policy which subjected him to damaging criticism during his Indian career were undoubtedly attributable to the exaggerated development which he gave to the doctrine of loyal obedience to official superiors. But his judgment is sound, and his intentions were good. When free to form an independent opinion, and to act upon it without reference to superior orders, the public may expect from him useful counsel, and the House of Commons copious information, of none the less value because it will be at first hand.

IT would be well for the world if every war were as rapid and as bloodless as that which has run its course in Burmah, almost before it was known to have begun, and that the chief victim should be in all cases, as in this, the culprit whose guilt invoked chastisement. It is no doubt pathetic enough to see a young monarch in the possession of unlimited power for years, begging for his life from a British officer with his boots on, and asking to be allowed to live in an unpretentious house in what was his capital till that morning. The nervousness, the painful anxiety, the tears starting to his sad eyes, would inspire a painter ; but it is impossible to accord any sympathy to a man even so fallen, when we know that his vanished fortunes were based on the ruthless slaughter of seventy-two princes and princesses, men, women, and little children, his own immediate relatives. The three days' butchery carried out in the palace to make Theebaw King, deprived him of all right not only to the throne, but to human mercy. Probably enough the massacre, though carried out in his name, and almost in his presence, was not effected by his order. It is supposed that the butcher-in-chief was the Tinedah, who, in concert with the Queen, and the Queen-mother, overbore the King's reluctance, and did all in his name. But he acquiesced in the crime, and profited by it. He could not have been unaware of the purpose for which bursts of music resounded in the palace during the three days of the slaughter ; his royal ears must have often heard above the strains of the untiring bands, the cries and supplications of his brothers and sisters while they were being put to death. He was willing to profit by the most dreadful tragedy ever enacted in a palace, and he did not disturb himself with the reflection which must now add to his regrets, if it does not awake his remorse, that the crime so ruthlessly consummated involved the destruction sooner or later of his throne and his dynasty. It is a striking testimony to the moderation and self-command of the Government of India in these latter times, that so many years were permitted to pass by without even a desire being manifested to turn to account the horror excited by such brutal inhumanity for purposes of aggrandisement, or even of vengeance. The policy of non-intervention could not have been carried further. And now when at length a military force is sent to Mandalay to receive the abject submission of this wicked and worthless King, its purpose is to exact reparation for injuries to British subjects, and to put an end to dangerous political complications. Still it will be felt instinctively by every one, and with, it may be hoped, a greater piquancy by Theebaw himself, that but for the memory of those three dreadful days when he murdered his relatives by the score, the oppression of the Bombay and Burmah Trading Company and even the intrigues with Mr. Haas would probably not have brought upon him war and unpitied ruin.

Now that the ex-King is on his way to exile, and the British power prevails unquestioned in Upper Burmah, the question arises whether it will be the best policy to annex the country, or to establish there another native ruler who is willing to accept the position of a protected prince. The first impulse in India has undoubtedly been in favour of annexation, pure and simple. It is for the annexation that Mr. Colquhoun and Mr. Holt Hallet have been so strenuously labouring in England. The views which they have sought to impress upon the Chambers of Commerce at home have been generally regarded with favour. That annexation is one of the possibilities of the situation, and something more, may be taken as certain ; but the gravity of the considerations which must be weighed by Government before coming to a final decision should be taken into account when making a forecast as to what the issue is likely to be. Lord Salisbury, in the course of a speech at the Guildhall on Lord Mayor's Day, stated that it was the earnest hope of the Ministry that, while the Indian Government would smooth the path of civilising commerce on "the edge of our Empire," it should make as little alteration as may be consistent with the interest of the populations and the demands of our own policy. This guarded declaration implied a certain distrust of the policy of annexation. The *Times* gives prominence to the letter of Mr. Colquhoun denouncing Lord Ripon for disapproving of an extension of the frontier, but the leading journal admits that Lord Salisbury's remarks point to a protectorate rather than to annexation. Curiously enough the belief that China would prefer a British annexation to a British protectorate over Burmah, is considered by the *Times* to be a reason why we should annex that country. To our mind that singular preference would constitute a strong ground for doubting the wisdom of the annexation policy. The astute Chinese politicians believe that, if the frontier of British India be extended so far eastward, we shall in the future become embroiled with the French in Tongking and Cochin China. We have no interest in seeing this guileless hope realised. It is unquestionably part of the comprehensive scheme put forward with such vigour and pertinacity by Mr. Colquhoun and Mr. Hallet that we should annex, not only Burmah, but the Shan States, so that our frontier should be coterminous with that of Tongking and Yunnan. This expansion of the Empire is designated the policy of trade expansion. There is a great deal to be said against the inconvenience of buffer States, and in favour of great States having coterminous frontiers. But when all is said the drawbacks are admitted to be considerable when powerful Empires look at each other across a thin hedge, and are constrained to maintain armies of observation to protect their respective limits from the accidents of history. If we annex up to Tongking and Yunnan, another thirty thousand men will have to be added to the Army of India to guard the new territory, and make a presentable appearance on an interminable line of remote frontier. The Government of India will probably think twice before accepting a policy which is not that of Calcutta or Bombay, but of Rangoon, and might have results beyond expectation. The Government of Lord Dufferin will doubtless look at the *cons* as well as the *pros* before coming to a decision on so weighty a matter.

THE departure of Colonel West on sick leave for Europe leaves the Political Agency in Kattywar in the hands of Colonel H. L. Nutt, who has been Acting Political Agent for some little time past. Several names have been mentioned, without apparently much foundation, in connection with the acting appointment. A correspondent says that it is hoped in Kattywar that Colonel Nutt, who has an intimate knowledge of the province, having been in Kattywar since 1869, will be left to act for the Political Agent until his return from England. Colonel Nutt is personally very popular with the Chiefs and the people, and has shown that he can co-operate with tact and energy in promoting improvements, administrative, commercial, and social, throughout the province.

GAVÆUS GAURUS ON THE WESTERN GHAUTS.

I.

SATURDAY broke cloudy and sultry. The monsoon was at its last gasp, but though dying fast, it every now and again summoned up all its remaining energy to show us mortals here below that there was a kick left in the old horse yet. The thunder growled and grumbled ominously in the distance ; the heavy lowering clouds were of that leaden-blue colour which we have all learnt to view with distrust, and their burden seemed to be even greater than they could bear, for they clung tenaciously to the hill-tops, and leaned languidly against the ghauts, as if seeking support in their hour of trial. For to give them credit, I must say that I believe the clouds were trying not to rain. Piled as they were in heaps tier above tier, they looked like mountains suspended in mid-air ; and at intervals the lurid lightning leaped out, and seemed to be doing its best to tear the clouds to shreds ; the thunder rattled and roared ; the wind sighed and soughed in its most melancholy fashion among the tree-tops, and seemed to be gradually dying away ; and a weird light enveloped all things. The birds had become strangely silent, and, were it not for an occasion "kwawk, kwawk, kwa-a-a" from some irresponsible crow, you would have thought that there was nothing living in the land.

F. and I had decided to make the most of the Dewali holiday—five days—and had accordingly made arrangements to start for the ghauts and the haunts of the bison. Our kit, servants, and horses had gone on the evening before, the last being halted at the foot of the ghauts, so that we might ride up to the dâk bungalow at the top. Picking up Sambo, the most constant companion among my four-footed friends, I jumped into the tonga, and away we went. We had hardly covered a mile when down came the rain, and very smart it was while it lasted, but fortunately we were under cover and did not get wet at all. F—'s little ponies spanked along gaily, and in little over an hour we had done the ten miles to D—where we were to find our horses, leaving us still ten miles to ride to A—and all up-hill.

We were now getting into cloudland, and what was worse, into heavy rain. Wet to the skin and covered with mud were we when we sighted the dâk bungalow at a few minutes past 6 o'clock. Of course, the first thing to be done was to get into dry clothes ; the next, at least on my programme, to take a "wee drappie" to keep out the cold. Then to dinner, to which we did ample justice. After the things had been cleared away, and pipes, cigars, and other smoking requisites had been put on the table, an old friend of F——'s, Colonel C. G., came into our room to have a chat. Of course, as was natural, the conversation was all about guns, rifles, and sporting gear in general, and necessarily included the latest shooting and fishing "gup." Colonel G. had just returned from furlough and a visit to America. He had brought out with him a couple of new guns, chambered for Kynoch's cases, on which he seemed to be very sweet indeed. If I remember rightly, he said it was a great pity that sportsmen were so slow to recognise the advantages these thin brass cases have over the old paper shells. *Quot homines, tot sententiæ.* Personally, I know nothing about them, so can give no opinion whatever, however humble. Colonel G. is a well-known shikari and a crack shot, and everything he has to say on shooting and its accessories is worthy of all consideration. Talking of rifles for big game shooting he seemed to think that a 16 gauge rifle, burning 6 drs., and throwing a hollow-fronted conical ball, was the weapon *facile princeps*. Of course, not for elephant and rhinoceros ; but for tiger, panther, bear, sambar, and bison, though this last might, with every advantage, as he said, be encountered with weapons of much heavier calibre. I noticed, though, that Colonel G., when giving it as his opinion that the 16 gauge rifle was the best all-round weapon for a man who could afford only one rifle, was most emphatic in adding that "it should be a pinfire," as less liable to missfire at a critical, or indeed any other, moment. Speaking for myself, I must say I dislike pinfires. In the first place the great ungainly, up-standing hammers detract very much from the general appearance of the gun ; in the second there can be no doubt that under certain circumstances they are dangerous ; whereas the central fire, except in the case of a proud cap (which when found should always be carefully laid aside for extraction), is absolutely safe. As an instance of the danger attaching to pinfires, I may briefly mention a case that happened to a neighbour of ours in Cornwall. Sir F. W. and a party of friends were covert shooting, and the pheasants were plentiful. As usual in that county, it was raining, and, owing to the damp, one of the cartridges stuck in the breech as Sir F. W. was putting it into his gun. At that moment the keeper behind said, "Look out, sir ! here they come," meaning the birds. Sir F. had in the meantime taken out his pocket-knife, and was tapping the pin of the cartridge on one side, so as to make the cartridge turn in the breech in order to get the pin opposite to the pin-hole, for, I forgot to say so before, the cartridge was not in straight, besides being stuck in the breech. In looking up to see if the birds were passing him, he accidentally struck the pin of the cartridge on the head, exploding the charge. The base of the cartridge flew back and struck the unfortunate gentleman in the eye, destroying the sight utterly. Nor was this all. The injury to the eye was the cause of a tumour forming on the brain, and this, in its turn, was the cause of Sir F. W.'s death.

As we had to rise early, it was a case of early to bed. The wind came tearing along from the Deccan towards the western coast, and howled and whistled round the bungalow, making the uncanniest of noises. It is under these or similar circumstances that one most appreciates a warm bed. But my bed was by no means warm. I had brought what I considered would be amply sufficient bedding, even taking into consideration the fact that I should sleep at an elevation somewhere near 2,000 feet above the sea. But I had never thought of the terrific east wind. It was a wind, I found, that was quite capable of searching out the bones and marrow. As I lay shivering, wooing "balmy sleep," I tried to console myself by thinking that the cold weather was at hand, and with it the snipe. Snatches of Charles Kingsley's "Ode to the North-East Wind" recurred to me, particularly where he bids the "black north-easter" to

"Fill the air with wild-fowl,
Fill the marsh with snipe ;
While on dreary moorlands
Lonely curlew pipe."

And it was while thus thinking of snipe, duck, curlew, cold winds, bison, etc., etc., that "tired nature's sweet restorer" closed my eye-lids. When once asleep I must have slept soundly, for I did not awake until I heard F. speaking in soothing tones to a police sepoy who had failed to collect sufficient coolies to carry our kit the next march. Of course it was the usual thing—"kuch hukum náhin milá," and "hamko kuch malum náhin," etc. Only about half the necessary number of men had been collected, and the intelligent sepoy said it would take a long time to collect the rest, because, forsooth, were not the Dewali holidays in full swing ? Yes they were, we gently replied ; and at this rate they would swing away altogether before we got to our shooting-grounds, in which case woe betide the sepoy and all others within reach of us.

Under the circumstances we decided not to go on ahead of the kit, knowing from long experience in such matters that if the requisite number of coolies were not brought and started off before our very eyes, we might whistle for our kit for goodness knows how long after arrival at our destination. Those coolies that were present we despatched to a good start. The wind was as strong as ever ; and the wretched coolies, when loaded up, reeled to an fro, and staggered like drunken men, in their efforts to get along.

It was nearly 9 o'clock when F. and I mounted to make the best of our way along the vile road that leads from A. to Ramaghata. My pony was, as usual, very fresh, and as nearly as possible pipped me after going half a mile, by shying hard at a quaintly shaped rock by the road-side. How I managed to save myself is to me even now one of those things that, as a "fellah," I cannot understand. The road for more than half the distance is sheet rock, and most uninteresting. Although it skirts the crest of the ghauts, still it is not near enough to the edge, if I may use the expression, to enable one to get a glimpse now and then of the Konkan and the sea, and so relieve the dreary monotony of the landscape. In spite of the high wind and consequent discomfort, it was perfectly delightful to breathe the pure and crisp mountain air. Only those who, like F. and myself, have been cooped up for the five months of the rainy season in a little poky hole in the Konkan or some equally rain-drenched land (our rainfall was 178 inches, distributed over 5 months !), cut off from all society except that of two or three other unfortunates like themselves, with nothing whatever to do ; only these, I say, can understand how we two revelled in our liberty and freedom, how we drank in the air of the breezy hill-tops.

A few miles from Ramaghata we overtook our syces, so that on arrival at the bungalow we had to picket our horses ourselves, which kept us employed until the arrival of the advance guard of coolies. We had intended going down the ghaut during the afternoon, but owing to the difficulty of obtaining fresh coolies we had to postpone our departure for the valleys below us until the next morning. F. and I loafed about in the evening, and very pleasant was it, in the warm glow of sunset—

"To sit on rocks, to muse o'er flood and fell,
To slowly trace the forest's shady scene,
Where things that own not man's dominion dwell."

"Things that own not man's dominion." Yes, the mighty bison, the kingly tiger, and the lordly stag.

It was while we were loafing about like this that we stumbled across a solitary grave. Neither of us had heard of any grave being hereabouts, and we were therefore surprised and interested. On deciphering the inscription we found that it was "Sacred to the memory of Ralph Cole Bowen, Esq., Ensign, H. M.'s 86th Regiment, who was drowned on Sunday morning, the 8th Oct., 1843, while swimming his horse across the river at Bhairsa, on the way to join his regiment at Belgaum." Poor Bowen ! It was rough on him to be thus cut off at the very commencement of his career, and in such a way too ! But I envy him his resting-place. Better far to be buried as he is, alone with Nature,—and here she is always in her happiest mood—than in a loathsome Indian cemetery.

While we were thus occupied we heard the sound of voices, and turning round saw approaching a wild-looking individual in company of a police sepoy. The wild one, who spoke the most outlandish lingo the Konkan produces, had heard that the Sahebs had come to shoot ; he would, on the morrow, show the Sahebs seven bison in one jungle. This was just the kind of khubber we wanted, so, after making the best arrangement we could for beating that particular jungle in which the bison were reported to be, we fared sumptuously, and, after a smoke, turned in early, so as to be up with the "koil" on the morrow.

We got off the next morning in fairly good time. We were to stop half-way down the ghaut to draw the abvementioned jungle, and having previously sent on men to collect the beaters, expected to find all in readiness on our arrival. Not a bit of it ! Beaters were not to be obtained in sufficient numbers, owing to our having impressed twenty or thirty of the scanty population to carry our kit down the ghaut. The jungle was a very large one too, and including "rokes" we should require at least fifty men, who were not to be had for love or money. There was no help for it, so we gave it up for that day at all events, and continued our descent of the ghaut.

In some parts the road was so steep that I had to plant my feet side-ways in order to get down at all comfortably. Even as it was I began to feel rather sore about the toes and heels, and the strain on the back sinews and muscles of the front of the thigh I found to be very great. By "back sinews" of course I mean the muscles of the calf of the leg. The villagers told us that, although the ascent is only six miles in length, it takes a laden cart with a pair of strong bullocks some three days to do it ! Arrived at M. we found that the "fouzdar" had prepared a room in the local temple for our reception, where there seemed every prospect of our being as comfortable as we could wish. In the meantime a sufficient number of beaters having assembled, we decided to sally forth to try our luck in the adjoining jungles. Francis, the "mahiti," a first-rate man all round, took us first to a very likely jungle, into which he had tracked bison the day before. There were their tracks as fresh as fresh could be, but they had probably been disturbed, for they were not to be found. The next jungle was also drawn blank, with the exception that a sambar was started, but he got clear away. I must now digress a little, first asking the reader's indulgence. In the place where F. and I had the misfortune to reside there is a local corps, every man of which is a "shikari" more or less. It seems to have been the practice for many years for the officers in connection with the corps to take with them a few men of the corps to collect beaters, come in useful at odd moments, and so on, whenever they went out shooting. But this was not all ; they also allowed the sepoys, who were of course nothing loath, to join in the shoot. That is not shikar ! And this being so, F. and I, with all deference to our illustrious predecessors, declined to allow sepoys to carry guns for anything but self-defence ; that is to say, if charged by animals of any description they might fire, but not otherwise. We objected to pay sixty beaters, more or less, three annas a day in order that the sepoys might have all the fun, or indeed any part of it. We had far rather that game went away to afford sport for another day, than that it should fall to the old-fashioned musket of a sepoy, or go away wounded to die, perhaps, a lingering death.

To proceed. With us were two or three sepoys, to whom we had given the usual orders as to when they might fire and when they might not. No doubt they thought it "zulum," but that was their business, not ours. In the next beat bison were started. Two went away, but one, a very fine bull, came down towards where F. and I were posted, about seventy or eighty yards apart. I heard him move, and then stand a moment. Presently he went up towards F. and every moment I expected to hear the report of his rifle. But no, it was not to be so. Keeping well inside the dense jungle the great beast made slowly towards the higher ground, where one of the said sepoys had been posted as a "roke." Shortly afterwards there was a report, and, from the sound, I made sure it was only a blank cartridge. Alas ! it was quite the other way. The noble beast had walked quietly up to the concealed sepoy, who, spite of the most explicit instructions, laid the poor beast low with two drams of powder and an Enfield bullet. F. and I were so unutterably disgusted that we would not even go to look at the bison. We had had a hard day, and would have to pay about four rupees each for the beaters ; and the sepoy had all the fun. F. was very angry indeed, and swore all kinds of vengeance on the sepoys. While slowly wending our way homewards, I dropped behind a bit and told one of the men to warn the said sepoy not to show his face to us as long as we remained in M. We never saw him again, and he took mighty good care to keep clear of F. In due time the head and skin of the bison were brought in. He must have been a grand beast, for F., who is an experienced bison slayer, said it was one of the finest heads he had seen. But we would take no measurements whatever, and took as little notice of it as possible, telling the "mahit" Francis that owing to the disobedience of the sepoy he was a loser to the extent of Rs. 5, the honorarium we always give for a bison, except it be one altogether out of the common. We told him, however, that we would try to sell the head for Rs. 5, and if we found a purchaser would remit him the coin. But the bison-head to this day lies in F.'s "curiosity shop," and the wished-for purchaser does not turn up. What happened next I shall tell in my next.

NEWS FROM GOA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

GOA, Nov. 28.

THE ceremony of opening a new well which has been built at Government expense at Fountainhas in Pangim took place on the 22nd inst. A large number of people had assembled, by whom Senhor Guimaraes, the Acting Governor-General, was received with enthusiasm. The ceremony of blessing the new well was performed by the clergy, after which the Acting Governor-General declared it to be open for public use. In reply to an address presented to him, Senhor Guimaraes said he was very glad to be present at the ceremony, as the new well would now afford a good supply of water, the want of which had been experienced by the inhabitants very frequently, and also remove the inconvenience which the people often experienced during the hot season. The ceremony was invested with another kind of interest. The heroic African explorers Capello and Ivens were honoured by having their names associated with it. In commemoration of their distinguished services the road leading to the well was named Travessa Capello, and the staircase Escadaria de Ivens, and the locality just above the well Bairro Alto Guimaraes. Arrangements had been made for a pyrotechnic display, and the party remained till 9 o'clock hearing the excellent music of the police band.

It is complained that the collector of the license and industrial-tax at Goa, in his zeal to execute the operation of the Act, has been taxing the poor potters, who could hardly keep soul and body together. Their appeal has been heard by the Provincial Council, and in consideration of their poverty the industry of pottery has been exempted from taxation. As there are briefless barristers, so there are many doctors at Goa without patients, notwithstanding which a tax is levied on their incomes. One doctor was asked to fill in a schedule declaring his income, which he put down at one rupee per month. The indiscriminate way in which taxes are levied threatens to extinguish many industries in Goa.

The dacoits have been playing their usual game at Mania in Quepem. A man from Piria had gone to purchase a team of buffaloes, and having been late in doing his business he was obliged to take up his abode at the house of a gowlee. The dacoits must have had an inkling of his business. At midnight they paid a visit to the cottage of the gowlee which was burnt, and the money stolen. Cases like these are of frequent occurrence.

The Lisbon Minister has now given to Senhor Albuquerque, the Chief Engineer, decisive instructions to suspend all public works, except those which have connection with the Marmagoa Railway. The ro

TELEGRAMS.

THE GENERAL ELECTIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON VIA TEHERAN, DEC. 3.

Sir Richard Temple has been elected for the Evesham division of Worcestershire.

Sir Mathew White Ridley (Conservative) has been defeated in North Northumberland.

The Liberals have so far won 262 seats; the Conservatives 210; and the Parnellites 52.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

LONDON, DEC. 4.

The latest election returns give 263 Liberals, 213 Conservatives, and 54 Parnellites as having been returned.

The Liberals have gained seats for Warwickshire, Somersetshire, Devonshire, Gloucestershire, Wiltshire, Suffolk, Norfolk, Northumberland, and Shropshire.

The representation of the home counties remains unchanged.

Mr. James McCoan, (Home Ruler,) Sir M. W. Ridley, (Conservative,) and Mr. W. S. Caine, (Liberal), have been defeated.

In a speech made by Mr. Chamberlain to the electors of Leicester, the Right Hon. gentleman predicted that before long it would be necessary to hold fresh elections.

END OF THE BURMAH WAR.

PROGRESS OF THE TONGHOO COLUMN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, DEC. 2.

The *Rangoon Gazette's* correspondent with the Tonghoo column says that they reached Meebyagone on Sunday. The place was found to be occupied by a thousand Burmese. The artillery shelled the village to the left, whilst the infantry, the Somersetshire men leading, occupied Meebyagone. Desultory firing had been kept up on the column during the whole march, resulting only in Private Holbroke being severely wounded. Four dead Burmans were seen on the march. Presumably others had been carried off.

On Monday the column marched to Aylah, in front of which the artillery unlimbered, whilst the mounted infantry skirmished within 150 yards of the village. After shelling, the enemy fled, and the infantry took possession. There were no casualties on our side. Three villagers taken prisoners were released by Captain Jenkins, and told to inform other villagers to return and resume their occupations.

The health of the troops is good, in spite of the heavy jungle-marching. The Madras Cavalry left yesterday for Mandalay, with commissariat stores, on flats in tow of a steamer.

King Theebaw, his Queen, her mother, and four princesses reached Thayetmyo, as prisoners, this afternoon. Seventy-three Burmese officials accompany the party on board the Flotilla steamer Thoorea.

DEC. 4.

A salute has just been fired by all men-of-war in harbour, presumably on account of the surrender of Mandalay; but that we are left to guess.

It is rumoured that Theebaw proceeds in the Canning, which is being got ready for sea.

DEC. 1.*

The *Rangoon Gazette's* special correspondent wires that on Sunday the flotilla passed Samay toung, there being no signs of the enemy. At 3·30 a royal canoe was seen advancing with flag of truce. The Minister of the Interior, who speaks English, and another Envoy brought a letter from the Kenwoon Mengyee, asking for an armistice, and saying that, if we discontinued our advance, any terms would be agreed to. The answer was to the effect that, as the General was acting in accordance with the instructions of the Viceroy, it was quite out of his power to listen to any proposals affecting the movements of troops on Mandalay. If Theebaw agreed to surrender himself, his army, and his capital, and if the Europeans in Mandalay were found uninjured in person and property, he promised to spare the King. He agreed not to take any further operations against Mandalay beyond occupying it with a British force, the terms of the negotiations regarding the matters in dispute to be dictated by the British Government. An immediate reply was demanded, or else the advance would be continued. The Burmese Envoy met the flotilla at Ava next morning at ten o'clock, and made an unconditional surrender on every point. The Burmese troops at Ava are being disarmed. On completion of the disarmament the British forces proceed to Mandalay.

The Admiral has arrived from Rangoon.

The Commissariat arrangements are perfect. No hitch of any sort has occurred. The campaign has been a unique one, and speaks well for the elasticity of our system. The Naval Brigade well maintain the traditions of the service, being ever watchful in front, and proving themselves to be all eyes and ears. The piloting of the fleet was admirably accomplished by officers of the Marine Survey.

A letter from Ava, dated the 27th ult., states that a royal steamer fully armed surrendered last night. The Union Jack has been hoisted at Ava. Ten cannon and six hundred rifles found in Ava have been shipped aboard a British steamer.

* Delayed in transmission.

THE VICEROY ON TOUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, DEC. 4.

The Viceroy left Dholepore at eleven last night, and reached here at nine o'clock this morning. The station was well decorated. The Viceroy was received on the platform by Sir Alfred Lyall, the Lieutenant-Governor, the General Commanding the Division, and all civil and military officers. The Leicester Regiment furnished a guard-of-honour. Other troops in garrison lined the route to the Governor's House. The Municipality presented an address of welcome, to which His Excellency made a suitable reply. The 17th Lancers furnished an escort.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS AT POONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, DEC. 4.

In the Ward Election appeal to-day Judge Candy ruled that applicant could not have the whole of the recent elections set aside, but only those in wards in which he was qualified to vote, or for candidature. Accordingly the question resolved itself into whether the elections for Aditwar and Somwar peth wards should be set aside; and the judge advised the resignation of the elected members, and a re-election. The case was postponed until to-morrow to allow Mr. Hurri Raoji's advocate to confer with his client on this point. Six or seven pleaders appeared for the parties interested in the suit, two being from Bombay. There is great excitement over the business.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

OBITUARY.

LONDON, DEC. 4.

Major-General Scratchley, High Commissioner in New Guinea.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LISBON, DEC. 3.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Rewa, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here yesterday evening.

ADEN, DEC. 3.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Goorka, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this morning.

COLOMBO, DEC. 4.

Mail-steamer Pekin from Aden arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, DEC. 3.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

The London Cotton Market has been quiet.

Good Fair Dholleras	.....	4⅜
The Manchester Market has been steady.		
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	.....	74½
4½ ,, ,,	.....	75½
3 ,, Consols for account	.....	99⅝
2½ ,, Sterling Loan	.....	100⅛
4½ ,, French Rentes	.....	108½
Bar Silver	.....	47⅛

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Reserve of notes and gold and silver coin in the Banking Department combined, £12,210,000; Dec., £600,000.

Bills discounted, £20,000,000; Dec., £400,000.

Bullion total amount in the Banking and Issue Department combined, £20,900,000; Dec., £400,000.

The proportion of the reserve to the liabilities is 45 per cent.

Arrival.—Knight of St. George.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(DECEMBER 4.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Calcutta 4, Mauritious mail will close at Adelaide and South Africa, seventeen noon.

MR. EDWIN ARNOLD, C.S.I., who has been spending a few days at Poona, the scene of the greater part of his work in India more than twenty years ago, returned to Bombay on Wednesday, and yesterday left for Bhownuggur, where he will be the guest of His Highness the Thakore. On Thursday evening Mr. Arnold and Mrs. and Miss Arnold were the guests of Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, C.S.I., at his bungalow in Girgaum Backroad, where a large number of Mr. Dosabhoy's friends assembled to meet them.

COLONEL LOCKHART has gone into winter quarters at Gilgit, as supplies further into the interior are already not more than sufficient for the existing inhabitants.

SIR RIVERS THOMPSON is expected to return to Calcutta from his tour in Orissa to-morrow.

SIR ALFRED LYALL, Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, has generously surrendered his camp allowance to the necessities of the Financial Department. This will tie him to Lahore all winter.

HIS HIGHNESS THE NAWAB BAHADUR OF MURSHEDABAD has contributed Rs. 1,000, and her Highness Kool-soom-un-Nissa Begum Sahebah Rs. 500, to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

OFFICIAL information has been received from Kashmere that a considerable shock of earthquake was felt at Srinagur at 2-30 a.m. on the 6th November, and another at 10-30 p.m. on the 15th idem, which was followed by two or more very slight shocks during the night. Our correspondent on the spot gave this news a week ago.

THE amalgamated railway lines which are to be worked by Colonel Conway-Gordon and his staff from the 1st of January next, viz., the S. P. and D., the Northern Punjab State line, and the Trans-Frontier system, will hereafter be known collectively as the North-Western Railway.

MESSRS. W. H. ALLEN AND CO. have published a large Diocesan Map of India and Ceylon, prepared by the Rev. Donald Mackey, of Perth. The map shows the boundaries of the various dioceses, and the various chaplains' and mission stations, with as much other ecclesiastic information as can be exhibited in the form of a map.

THE assay value of coins and bullion received in the Indian mints from the beginning of April to the end of October was Rs. 66,42,859, and of those coined and examined Rs. 6,88,03,280. Of the latter amount, Rs. 2,41,67,203 was coined in Calcutta, and Rs. 4,46,36,077 in Bombay.

DURING the first seven months of the current year the value of gold imported to this country was Rs. 1,95,92 265, and of that exported Rs. 17,23.056; whilst the value of silver imported was Rs. 7,19,22,826, and of that exported Rs. 47,87,891. This leaves a balance of both metals in favour of imports of Rs. 8,50,04,144.

THE quantity of tea exported from China and Japan to Great Britain from the commencement of the season to the 10th of November last was lbs. 125,764,471, as compared with lbs. 124,932,260 during the corresponding period of last year. The exports to the United States and Canada during the same period amounted to lbs. 59,367,852, as compared with lbs. 57,897,325.

THERE was a good match at polo on the Agra parade-ground on Monday last between the Central India Horse and the Dholepore team. The sides had met before, when the soldiers won, as they did on this occasion also, by three goals to two. There was, it appears, very little to choose between the two, though—the Maharana and his men playing with great energy and in good form.

THE five Catholic chaplaincies in the Bombay Presidency, namely, those of Deesa, Ahmedabad, Deolali, Satara, and Hyderabad, have been abolished. It was recently notified to the chaplains at these several stations that from the 1st of November they would not be entitled to draw their salaries in future as resident chaplains, on the ground that neither the strength of the garrisons nor that of the Catholics in their respective stations was sufficient to warrant the retention of resident chaplains. "There can be no complaint," the *Catholic Examiner* says, "that this sweeping reduction implied any breach of rules, for the rule in accordance with which the abolition of the chaplaincies has been resolved upon is clear on the subject. We are free to say, however, that the application of the rule has not been as gentle as might have been desired."

MR. AND MRS. STUART CUMBERLAND, who have been the guests of His Excellency the Nawab Salar Jung whilst in Hyderabad, are now on a brief visit to Lady Reay at Government House, Poona. During their stay in Hyderabad they received marked attention at all hands. Mr. Cumberland was very cordially received by the Nizam, who invited him to shoot his black buck—an especial mark of favour—and entertained him at dinner the night previous to his departure from His Highness's capital. Mr. Cumberland left Hyderabad laden with magnificent souvenirs, and with the good wishes of the many friends whom he had made during his stay in the Nizam's capital.

As a mere military display the promised marchpast at the Northern camp of exercise promises to surpass anything of the kind that has been seen, for it is only in India that such a display can be seen. If that terrible notion of a march-past in well-worn khaki had ever been entertained, Sir Frederick Roberts has promptly dismissed it. The work of the manœuvres will be done in regulation service uniform; but full dress will be the order of the day for the finale. The great event will be preceded by a couple of days' military sports, during which the forces will have time to re-furbish, and the march-past will take place, according to present arrangements, on Monday, the 18th January.

THE programme of the Boundary Commission, that portion of it which is now coming back to India, is still uncertain. The first move will be into Seistan, where supplies are plentiful; and from there the party can either come by the Helmund, Nushki, and Quetta, returning as they went, or by the Kandahar route. In case of the former being adopted, Captain MacIvor, 1st Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent, Beluchistan, has been depatched to pilot them across the desert, and the road is being stocked with supplies, wells are being cleared, and other preparations made for the difficult march. Captain MacIvor was to have left Quetta on the 30th for this purpose. Of the working party of the Commission there is no very recent news. They will probably settle in winter quarters at Balk, where the Amir has already provided a good commissariat; but Sir West Ridgeway is to determine for himself. It is quite decided, the *Pioneer* says, that operations shall be carried up to the Oxus; whether, later on, up to the Badakshan-Shignan frontier has not yet been settled. Mr. Ney Elias was at Shignan, by latest accounts, looking about him.

HERE is an interesting piece of news for volunteers. It is notified that in cases in which a sword and a revolver or a pair of pistols are either imported by a commissioned officer of a Volunteer Corps, or are certified by the commandant of the corps to be imported by the officer for the purposes of his equipment, such arms will be exempted from Customs duty.

THE *Indian Mirror* is indignant because its local contemporaries call the assassination of Sir Runoodheep Singh, K.C.S.I., Prime Minister of Nepal, a murder. The *Mirror* says he was simply "put to death"—a distinction without a difference!

SOME anxiety has been felt as to the probable fate of the agents of the Bombay-Burmah Trading Company stationed at the outlying post of Kendat or Gendat, which is situated about 150 miles to the north-east of Mandalay and about 80 miles south-east of Manipur, on a tributary of the river Kyendwen. It being quite impossible to communicate with this station from the south, the Political Agent of the State of Manipur was requested to communicate with them, if possible, and let them know how fast events were marching in the outside world. The Political Agent, Colonel Johnstone, C.S.I., in following out the instructions to communicate at all costs with these agents has taken a somewhat unusual course, and has sent the message to the agents of the company through the Burmese officials themselves.

THE *Englishman* says that all intercourse between Manipur and Burmah has been practically closed for some time, and it would appear to be absolutely impossible to get any messenger to court an almost certain death by trying to convey a secret message across the frontier. On the other hand, the relations established between our Political Agent at Manipur and these outlying, semi-independent, Burmese officials have been of late of a most cordial character, and it is to be hoped that the ties between them and the higher authorities at Mandalay will not be so strong as to cause them to withhold the message or injure the British subjects at Kendat. It is not long since we interfered in favour of the Burmese in a quarrel between them and the Manipuris on the border, and the good feeling engendered towards us then should have sufficient force to secure the safety, or at least the safe retreat, of this isolated group of traders.

THE members of a certain Bombay Association are respectfully requested to skip the following paragraph, which we clip from the *Indian Daily News*:—

A Shanghai paper, the *North China Herald*, which cannot be suspected of Anglo-Indian bias, but writes from the point of view of the average intelligent Englishman, says in an article on "Indian Reform," and apropos of the programme drawn up at Bombay for the guidance of the Indian delegates to England:—"When we see that Sir James Fergusson, Sir L. Peliy, Sir R. Temple, and Mr. Maclean, formerly editor of the *Bombay Gazette*, who probably knows more of actual India than all the Associations put together, are declared incompetent to take part in legislation on Indian affairs, while Mr. Digby, Mr. Arey, Mr. Ghose, and two or three obscurities who hold wild opinions are proclaimed to be the men for India, we can only express surprise at the ignorance of English political affairs which the presidents Bombay Association has shown. It is unfortunate that in this instance, as in many previous ones, the manner of stating Indian grievances has the effect of repelling the average Englishman; and we, who all well-wishers of the country, must regret if the address which has been sent home, supported by several associations, should again have that effect."

PRINCE FRANCIS JOSEPH has resigned his commission in the Prussian Army rather than desert his brother Prince Alexander of Bulgaria. Prince Francis Joseph, who was a lieutenant in the Prussian Foot Guards, received word from Berlin that he had better return to his regiment, and on his answering evasively ("se servant d'un faux-fuyant") was quickly told that he must either come back or resign his commission. To this the young prince, for his part, answered by adopting the latter alternative, remarking that happening to go to Bulgaria before the outbreak of the revolution, he now thought he was bound in the circumstances not to leave his brother.

A CYCLONE recently crossed Alabama, to the north of Selma, its track being 800 yards wide. Everything in its path was destroyed. Exploring parties following along the track for forty miles, picking up the dead and wounded. Thirteen persons were found lying dead, and some fifty were injured, while several others are missing.

THE Maharaja Dhuleep Singh having exhausted a large fortune in the profitless enterprise of breeding pheasants is returning to India. Referring to this fact and to the flutter which the idea of his return produced some time ago, the *Pioneer* says:—"Of late years history has marched so fast in the Punjab that Dhuleep Singh's name has little or no meaning there, and he has no possessions in the Province. So, as far as Englishmen are concerned, he is known to have squandered a handsome fortune and to have renounced his adopted faith, Christianity, having learnt, it is said, too much of Christians—of a sort. The Maharaja's last idea, we believe, is to settle at Delhi—why Delhi? Presumably what he intends is to move Government to subsidise him by making himself unpleasant, and such a case can be dealt with by the existing machinery without taking it too seriously."

MR. FORBES, of the London, Chatham, and Dover Railway, has brought an action against the house of Goupil for selling him a counterfeit Theodore Rousseau, the price paid being 40,000 francs. The same house had sold it previously for 30,000 francs to Viscount Daupias, a wealthy Portuguese collector, but he had returned it on being assured by Jules Dupré, himself a great landscape painter, that the picture was never painted by Theodore Rousseau. The Goupils, on the guarantee of an expert, had bought it from Arnold and Tripp, who had had it returned to them as spurious by M. Secretan, a rich and enlightened amateur, also on the certificate of an expert. Before that the Rousseau had been bought by Mr. Knoedler, the well-known New York dealer, for 4,000 dollars, and it was first started on its career, as the finest Rousseau extant, by M. Spiridon, at 12,000 francs. The trial will be as complicated as the story is curious—and it is very curious. But no less curious is the fact that three great picture dealers and three of the most celebrated collectors of pictures, with a crowd of their admiring friends, have been so grossly deceived. Other experts will, of course, be called in the course of the case, and give each his opinion. It is only necessary now to point out that the picture had pleasing qualities when it was supposed to be a Rousseau, and lost its power of pleasing when it was certified a counterfeit. By what rules do dealers, experts, and collectors judge of the excellence of paintings?

How do we taste when roasted? Dr. Haughton, of Dublin (remarks the *St. James's Gazette*), is probably the only Briton who is competent to answer the question by the light of experience; and we do not know whether he has publicly criticised the culinary capabilities of humanity. But at a recent Coloured Methodist Conference at Washington, the assembled brethren had the privilege, according to the *Baltimore Sun*, of listening to a personal statement from a converted cannibal, Professor A. E. Soloder. The Professor is a Fijian; and he ingenuously confessed that he had eaten human flesh "many a time," and that it tasted "like mule." This, unfortunately, is explaining *ignotum per ignotius*. Some of us have tasted horse and liked it; but the mule has not yet appeared in our *menus*.

IT would be useful, remarks a home paper, if a tariff could be published of the various prices to be paid for the pleasure of indulging in personal abuse, though, judging from some recent examples, the charges might be thought somewhat arbitrary. Thus the papers report the case of an Edinburgh gentleman who, when playing a game of cards, found occasion to call another player "a thief and a liar," for which he was summoned and condemned to pay £30. Another instance is that of a lady of Brooklyn, who lately claimed 10,000 dols. damages from another of her sex for addressing her as a "Shanghai hen," and was awarded 500 dollars. It would seem, therefore, that "Shanghai hen" as an apostrophe is more than three times worse than a "thief and liar." "Shanghai hen," however, is distinctly good, and deserved to get off on the score of being something new and original in the way of expletives. It has had no equal since the captive queen in Tamburlaine addressed her triumphant rival as "Disdainful Turkess, most irreverent boss."

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL has made some amends for the ingratitude of Lord Beaconsfield. It will be remembered that Mr. Tracey Turnerelli went to some trouble to procure by means of penny subscriptions a wreath of honour for the latter nobleman. When Mr. Turnerelli had succeeded in his object, when the wreath had been manufactured, and when everything was ready for the ceremony of adornment, Lord Beaconsfield politely informed the promoter of the tribute that he declined to accept it. Mr. Turnerelli's feelings under the circumstances can be, as the saying goes, "better imagined than described." The injured gentleman afterwards endeavoured to find some relief in writing his autobiography—a book which caused a good deal of amusement at the time it was published. And now Lord Randolph Churchill, having had his attention called to the memorable services Mr. Turnerelli has rendered to Conservative principles, has goodnaturedly endeavoured to atone for the ingratitude of Lord Beaconsfield. The letter of the noble lord, which is full of sympathy for the author of innumerable pamphlets and leaflets in support of the Tory cause, contains a characteristic condemnation of his Radical opponents. "I am surprised," he says, "that so energetic and experienced a politician as yourself should pay the smallest attention to statements which may be made against you in the Radical press. The greater part of the Radical press exists for the wholesale dissemination of slander and falsehood concerning its opponents." A Liberal paper says that "Mr. Tracey Turnerelli must be a weaker and sillier man than he is generally supposed to be, if he does not now become entirely reconciled to his old political friends."

THE story about Ayub Khan's escape, or attempted escape, from the Persians into Russian territory is now known to have been untrue. The later one about the increase to his allowance is probably better founded. "Ayub," remarks the *Pioneer*, "got £8,000 a year, and is to get £12,000, and for what? A monstrous stipend simply."

MILITARY NEWS.

THE Indian Marine steamer Tenasserim sails to-day for Aden, with one warrant officer and one private follower.

THE hired transport Sirsa, Captain Whittard, will sail to-morrow for Vingorla, with the following:—3 European commissioned officers, 1 warrant officer, 154 rank and file, 2 children, 2 ladies, 4 native rank and file, 4 and public and 6 private followers. The following are the names of the officers:—Major Hammond, and Lieutenants Lowndes and Jones, 1st Rifle Brigade.

THE GOCULDAS TEJPAL HOSPITAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In the discussion in the Municipal Corporation on the management of the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, Dr. de Souza told his audience "that the competency of men to conduct any hospital should not be gauged by the number of medals and scholarships they had won while at college." And by way of emphasising what he said he informed the corporators that "he himself possessed a medal, a gold one too." Most of us will no doubt agree with him in thinking that mere academical honours will not go for much in these practical days. But all the same, they have their use in laying the foundation for the future reputation of their recipients, and may be safely taken as an earnest of what is to be expected of them in the outside world. In these days of hard work and keen competition, those who are the recipients of such honours are by no means men of such inferior stuff as Dr. de Souza thinks. They certainly have worked very diligently with the knife, the stethoscope, and the microscope in their student days, as attested by Dr. de Souza and the for the last fourteen years; and have since then ably upheld the reputation acquired by their brilliant college career, by either efficiently conducting indepenent hospitals, public dispensaries, and charitable infirmaries, here, in the mofussil, and in independent native States, or by acquiring a well-established private practice and a good name. It is such men who are willing to take up the appointments, if they are opened to them, not for the sake of mere money, but for the reputation they will acquire by their connection with such a large hospital as the Goculdas Tejpal, and for the increased chances and greater facilities for work that will be given them with "the knife, the stethoscope, and the microscope."

But even in the very essence of his contention Dr. de Souza has strayed from the consideration of the main question at issue. In fact, he has simply set up a dummy to have the empty satisfaction of knocking it down. There has been no question whatever of appointing "junior members of the profession to the more responsible posts of chief physicians or chief surgeons. Nobody has ever hinted at it, no one has even dreamed of it. Such posts will of course go, if they are at all to go, by right of selection, to matured experience and established reputation of years devoted to such work. It is only for the minor posts that the claims of the "junior members" have been urged; and I challenge Dr. de Souza, or any one else, to assert that they are unfit to carry on their duties in such capacity, or that they are only fit "to kill and learn."

If Dr. de Souza really meant what he is reported to have said at the meeting of the Corporation, Dr. Khory was then, I think, quite justified in asking the chairman to call him to order, and the only regret is that the chairman thought it right to rule otherwise.

In conclusion the explanation given by Dr. de Souza in yesterday's issue of your contemporary does not appear quite satisfactory. It is not possible that all the reports of his speech should have been incorrect. This supposition is further strengthened by the fact that Dr. Khory asked the chairman to call the speaker to order, and expressed his opinion that Dr. de Souza's utterance was a distinct slur on the profession, and should not, therefore, be allowed to pass unchallenged. ÆSCULAPIUS.

Bombay, Dec. 4.

COTTON CULTIVATION IN GUJERAT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A few remarks at the opening of the cotton season about the way in which people grow and prepare cotton for sale in the province of Gujerat may not be out of place, and should be of interest to your numerous mercantile readers. A large portion of the best Indian cotton is grown in Gujerat—the great cotton field of Western India. But I wish to draw the attention of those interested in the cotton trade of Gujerat to the gradual deterioration in the quality of the cotton grown and to the adulteration of really first-class cotton with that of inferior quality, which I have noticed for the last ten years in the cotton-growing districts of Baroda. Through the exertions of a respectable cotton-ginner of Broach the Gaekwar's Government was induced some time ago to issue an official notification under the signature of Khan Bahadoor Kazee Shahbooddin, then in charge of the Revenue Department of the State. It contains some very useful suggestions and practical directions for the cotton cultivators and traders living in the towns and villages of the Baroda districts. I subjoin a translation in English of this important document, which was written in Gujerati. It will be read with interest by the Bombay cotton merchants, as it practically gives effect to all their suggestions as to the proper mode of growing and preparing cotton for sale. These efforts of Bombay merchants have evidently borne good fruit, as something is being done at present to improve both the growth and the quality of cotton in the territories of H. H. the Gaekwar. If the Gaekwar could be induced to devote a little time and attention to this important subject, which is, I understand, a good source of revenue to the State he administers, great good might be done to his State and people. Without the direct advice and assistance of his Government the poor cultivators can do but very little in this direction. There ought to be a scientific classification of cotton grown in all the districts of the Baroda State, and all over Gujerat and elsewhere. Prizes should annually be awarded to first-class cotton growers, and improved implements of husbandry introduced and brought into use. But unless the cultivators can be induced to use better kinds of seed there is little hope of improving the quality of the cotton grown. They have good soil, plenty of water, and cheap field labour; if there is but a little more encouragement and guidance by the State, the prospects will soon improve. All that is wanted is careful nursing and rearing of the young cotton plants and seedlings, growing and sowing on scientific principles, and judicious selection of cotton seeds. Much of India's future prosperity depends upon the export and cultivation of good cotton, and I trust it will not allow this valuable industry to be lost for want of a little energy.

"Notification as to the mode of preparing cotton for sale in the Baroda districts.

"The cotton grown in the territories of this Government, owing to some mismanagement on the part of the cultivators, is not of so superior a quality as it might be. For this reason the price it obtains is low, and the cultivators suffer loss. Therefore some practicable suggestions that have been received from respectable Bombay merchants who are in a large way of business are hereunder notified:—

1. Cotton seeds of a good quality should be carefully selected, and from the time they shoot or grow up, the cultivators should tend them carefully.

3. The cotton produced near Broach is much better in quality than that grown in the Baroda State. Therefore it would be a very good thing if the cultivators endeavoured to procure the seeds used in that part.

4. It appears that in many parts of the territories of this Government it is a custom to keep kuppas for several days in a pit five or six hands deep. The kuppas, while it thus remains in the pit, absorbs moisture, and thereby becomes dingy or discoloured, and of a dark hue owing to the rubbish of dry leaves with which it gets mixed up. It seems probable that, if the custom were discontinued, good consequences would ensue. It would be proper to store the kuppas, if it is to be stored at all, under a roof or dehela (store, room).

5. It also appears that small retail dealers and cultivators in some of the villages of this district who grow kuppas and who raise money upon their produce before the kuppas come to maturity, mix inferior kinds of cotton with really good stuff. Hereby the cotton produced in this State comes to be received as of a low quality. This should not be done.

6. Another suggestion to be also made is that kuppas should be cleaned or ginned in those gins or mills which may be fitted with new mechanical improvements, as the cotton in those gins is the best and purest. The requisite brightness and purity cannot be obtained by having kuppas ginned or cleaned by gins of inferior order and antiquated pattern. This would make a difference in prices."

No doubt the Gaekwar Sirkar deserves the highest credit for issuing this timely notice to check the adulteration in kuppas, but it should not rest content with this. It must adopt more stringent measures to prevent good kuppas being mixed with kalas (pods), and stored in damp places with the object of enhancing the weight. It is the duty of the Gaekwar's Government to appoint a special commission to suggest remedies for the improvement and inspection of kuppas in the various stages; and, if unsatisfactory conditions exist, however undesirable their exposure may be it is for the ultimate good of the country that they should be brought to light. Once the evil is traced its cure is simple.—Yours, &c.

NUSSERWANJEE S. GINWALLA.

Broach, Dec. 1.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the proceedings, of a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 1st inst.

LANDING AND FORWARDING STORES.

Read letter from the Commissary-General, dated 25th November, intimating that Government have sanctioned the contract with the Trust for landing and forwarding stores during 1886-6 on the terms proposed by the Trustees. The Commissary-General requires whether the Trustees will undertake the contract for the year 1886-7, on the same terms and conditions as now sanctioned by Government, and whether, if a contract for three or five years, commencing from 1st April, 1886, be entered into, any reduction in the rates would be made, and if so to what extent.

Resolution.—The Commissary-General should be informed that the Trustees will undertake the contract for 1886-7 on the same terms as for 1885-6, but that they are not prepared to enter into a contract for a longer period.

AMENDED PORT RULES.

Submitted the following Port Rules drafted by Mr. Frere in communication with Captain Morland, in supersession of the rule passed by the Trustees' Resolution No. 331 of 6th October:—

(1) No vessels of and exceeding 100 feet in length shall attempt to turn in the Inchore Channel, hereinafter defined, between the extreme north-east corner of the Carnac-bunder and the buoy marking the south-west extreme of Cross Island; on the east by a line drawn through the buoy marking the south-west and the beacon marking the north-west extremes of the Cross Island reefs, and extended to the north limit; on the south by a line drawn to the eastward with the northernmost of four small square houses known as Sanjee Hansee, on Fort George and the north east corner of the new Boree-bunder terminal railway station in transit; on the west, from the south limit to the southern extreme of Mody-bunder sea-wall, by a line drawn through a beacon marking the shoal to the north of Cross Island, and the beacon marking the extremes of the north-west of reefs off Cross Island and continued to the southern limit, and from the southern extreme of Mody bunder to the northern limit, by a line drawn along the sea face wall of Mody and Carnac bunders.

Resolution.—The amended port rules are approved, and should be submitted to Government for sanction and publication.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The following were amongst the papers laid on the table:—

Government Resolution No. 6089, dated 20th November, permitting the men who will be employed in the light-houses in transmitting messages to be instructed in signalling by the Government Telegraph Department free of charge.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For the week ending 28ht Nov., 28h	For the week ending 21st Nov., 1884.
Vessels piloted into harbour	26	14
,, ,, out of ,,	17	14
,, transported ,,	17	11
,, attended to	1	..

STATEMENT OF VESSELS USING PRINCE'S DOCK.

	For the week ending 27th Nov., 1885.	For the week ending 20th Nov., 1884.
Vessels entered	13	7
,, left	12	7
,, remaining in dock	15	14

SIR GEORGE BIRDWOOD ON THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT.

THE following are the principal passages in the reply which Mr. W. Digby, C.I.E., addressed a few weeks since to Sir George Birdwood's letter "Facts and Figures," which we published on Thursday. It is addressed to the electors of the Ealing Division of Middlesex, which Lord George Hamilton contested:—A fortnight ago, impelled by a feeling of [illegible] towards our fellow-subjects in India, and very much against the grain, for personal, or apparently-personal, controversy is to me most painful, I addressed you on a part of the public career of the Conservative candidate who is now seeking our suffrages,—who has asked me for my vote, you for your votes. My charges related to Lord George Hamilton's career as Under-Secretary of State for India in particular, and the Tory Administration of India from 1874 to 1880 in general. Sir George Birdwood, an elector in this Division and engaged as Special Assistant in the Revenue Statistics and Commerce Department in the India Office, has, I am told, sent you a reply to my charges. A copy of that reply I have obtained for the asking. No copy has reached me as an elector. Permit me, as briefly as may be, to show you that the reply leaves every one of my charges precisely as I stated them, and that in no instance have I been proved to have set forth what was not true. There are two slight errors of mis-description in my letter, but these are over-done by two misstatements of facts in Sir George Birdwood's letter: moreover I find one my accidental errors has proved the means of bringing out a fact in regard to the administration of Indian affairs peculiarly disgraceful to our rule. Of that I will speak in due course.

My indictment against the administration of India while Lord George Hamilton was at the India Office is contained in the following charges:—

1. Nearly seven millions of people died for want of food;
2. The Indian Debt was increased by £27,000,000;
3. Army Expenditure went up by "leaps and bounds," and Indian revenue is now threatened with a further great and unnecessary increase;
4. The Salt Tax was raised 40 per cent. in Bombay and Madras in a time of great distress;
5. A most unfair species of taxation was introduced;
6. An unjust war with Afghanistan was waged; and
7. In one Madras District alone (Salem) "the cultivated area has decreased by one-quarter since 1875."

How have these charges been met? Let me take them in their order.

"1. Nearly seven millions of people died for want of food."

I tried to make this awful fact clearly realisable by you, and to do this I applied the experience of one district to the people of Ealing. Acton and Chiswick. "Imagine yourselves," I wrote, "ruled in such a manner by Lord George Hamilton and his friends that, within the space of two years, nearly one-third of the people perish,—that is one out of every three of you died of hunger, and the other two become exceedingly poor, parting with nearly everything they possess.

Sir George Birdwood admits the facts to be as I stated them. Indeed, he could do no other: they are his own Office facts. But, he denies the conclusions I drew from them. He takes refuge in the plea always used by the bad workman, who complains of his tools. He adopts the shallow and wholly unsatisfactory arguments that as "Lord George Hamilton could not possibly command the windows of Heaven to open and the rains to fall," that as India is "situated within the solstitial zone of the Northern hemisphere," therefore the British rulers of that country are not responsible for the frightful mortality arising from famine. The argument will not hold water,—not even as little as falls in an Indian province in a famine year. I assert that they are responsible for a very large part of the mortality, and I re-assert, what is already in print, that half the mortality of 1876, 1877 and 1878, might have been avoided. India is the only civilized country in the world in which famine is almost chronic. It has come into this sad condition within recent times and, as I hope some day soon to have the opportunity of proving in detail, as the consequence of British (mis) rule: towards this condition Lord George Hamilton and his colleagues largely contributed.

"2. The Indian Debt was increased by £27,000,000. Sir George Birdwood does not deny this. He writes a series of snippety paragraphs pointing out how the borrowed money was spent. He uses the India Office arguments so familiar to, and so abhorred of, all Indian publicists, in which "normal expenditure" is separated from so-called "abnormal expenditure." This is doubtless pleasing as an academic exercise: it does not lessen the burden of taxation upon the people nor does it touch the system the consequences of which are so frightful. Sir George is merely juggling with figures in endeavouring to separate war and famine charges from ordinary expenditure. My statement is that the war and famine expenditures were largely avoidable inasmuch as both were due to bad administration.

"3. Army Expenditure went up by 'leaps and bounds,' and the Indian revenue is threatened with a further great and unnecessary increase."

Sir George practically admits the truth of the first assertion in the foregoing statement. He merely gives an explanation which leaves matters where they were. I repeat the figures which I find in the Statistical Abstract of British India:—

Military Expenditure in		Increase on previous year
,, ,, ,,	1874.....£15,230,000	
,, ,, ,,	1875..... 15,390,000	£160,000
,, ,, ,,	1876..... 15,310,000	70,000
,, ,, ,,	1877..... 15,790,000	480,000
,, ,, ,,	1878..... 16,640,000	850,000
,, ,, ,,	1879..... 17,090,000	450,000
,, ,, ,,	1880..... 21,710,000	4,620,000
,, ,, ,,	1881..... 28,090,000	6,380,000

I am sorely tempted to pause at this point and to expose the flimsy pretexts given to justify this increase, but your time will not permit.

"4. The Salt Tax was raised 40 per cent. in Bombay and Madras in a time of great distress."

This is admitted. A great cloud of words almost obscure the admission. I do not deny, or decry, Sir John Strachey's long-continued efforts to reduce the Salt duty throughout India, but I do say it was grossly cruel on his part to make the increase I have mentioned at a time and in the Presidencies where the people were suffering from a severe famine. As for the assertion, which Sir George prints in small capital letters, that "the people of India now obtain their salt at a cheaper rate than at any time of which there is any record," perhaps Sir George Birdwood, before he repeats the assertion, will take the trouble to ascertain the facts. If he does undertake this elementary duty in controversy, he will find the price of Salt in Madras and Bombay at the present time is higher than it was at the beginning of the century; and, in 1878,—the

strength, and strong shoulders that are not brawny. The face has the peculiarity of combining roundness, a genial smile, a good-natured look, with a falcon profile and intensely-keen eyes, which are black, and match well a very dark complexion. M. Gueshoff is a capital linguist. If he be allowed to approach Bismarck he will get on with him. But I should be sorry to make my book on his chances of getting round him. Bismarck is too advanced in the course on which he entered with Austria for him now to deviate from it, unless under the pressure of circumstances beyond his control. He is going in for Eastern Empire, which would wipe out all the small Monarchies of the Balkans, and with the help of the Gallician and other Catholic Slova, place the Holy Roman Empire on its old basis. All the Latin clergy in Eastern Europe work to make this Bismarckian idea a reality. In Russian Poland its execution is generally hoped for.

It may not be news to you that the Russian bogey often disturbs Bismarck. By the word bogey I mean the shadow of a coming direful event. Of this more anon. Meanwhile I shall observe that the German Chancellor wants to kill two birds with the Austrian stone. He would defend South-Eastern Europe against Russia and realise a great commercial scheme which, perhaps, would suck away trade wholesale from London and Liverpool. What is it? To connect, by steam, Suez and Aleppo with, Salonica, and this port by rail with Antwerp, the trade of which is in the hands of German merchants. Antwerp's political Germanisation would soon follow. Trade between America and the continent of Europe would skip England, and hardly an ounce of tea would be carried from London except to the other British towns. British ships, however, fill the port of Antwerp, and might be expected to go on doing so if Bismarck pleased to let them. This will seem to many *le monde renversé*. It was most seriously discussed with me the other day by one of the clearest-headed men I know, who has a vast knowledge of European affairs, and is no enemy of England. He was with Lesseps from the beginning in the Suez Canal enterprise, knew well Ne-selrode, Gortschakoff, Guizot, Thiers; knows Bismarck and likes him, and occupies a high position. He believes that England, in her insulated position, has developed qualities which will enable her to stand well in the world, no matter whether London and Liverpool cease to be the great emporiums. Moral energy is never a failure; but material wealth is always precarious. France made 250 millions of francs out of her southern vines. The phylloxera came, and in a few years destroyed this income. While new vines are growing, Australia, South Africa, and California will step into the markets created by the French.

It is unlucky for M. Gueshoff that Bismarck has no respect for Kings owning their Crowns to diplomatic intrigues or arrangements. They would all, he is persuaded, be happy to be mediatised by Great Powers—that is, if the latter bought up their regal prerogatives at high prices. In short, their Kingly virtue is easy, Revolution can break down Thrones; but they don't interfere with the riches amassed by Sovereigns and invested abroad; and the sons and daughters of Kings in exile are held good mathes for the great ones of the earth. Bismarck expects to hear sub-Danube Kinglets crying to Russia and Austria, "Crowns for sale! Who bids? Who bids?"

Let us hope, the uniformity of Europe being already wearisome, that the Christians of the Balkans will escape from being turned over in this or any other way. But if they don't cluster like twigs in a broom, some two-headed eagle will eat them up. "King Milan" used to be called "l'Andouille" when he was a schoolboy here, because his people were swineherds, and he had a fat and apparently bonel-ess body. "Queen Natalie" is the daughter of a Russian colonel, and was to have been a maid of honour at St. Petersburg. The couple regard themselves as sacred personages. If the Servians take them *au serieux*, they must lack the sense of the ridiculous.

Bismarck has long had his eye on Armenia, and has been sending German officers to report on what goes on there and in the Caucasus. At Berlin, it is said that the next Russian advance on Constantinople will be made through the Armenian passes and valleys. The Czar's agents here have, since 1871, laboured to secure French naval co-operation in a movement on Stamboul from Armenia. It was the suspicion that Decazes had promised it which, in 1875, brought Germany to the verge of war with France. The following year Alexander II. was thrown into the Danubian campaign, out of which he issued a victor, but financially crippled and humiliated.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steam-ship Chindwara, 1,482 tons, Capt. Silver arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta (9th Nov.), with a general cargo.

THE B. I. S. N Co.'s steam-ship Culna, 1,468 tons Captain J. Bellwood, sailed ye-terday for Malabar Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following pas-engers:—Lieutenant E. R. O. Ludlow, Capt. A. Campbell, Mr. A. Dobree, Mr. C. A. Stewart and 2 daughters, and 15 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steam-ship Pachumba, 540 tons, Captain Macfadyen, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bussorah (20th Nov.), with a general cargo, 29 chests opium, 96 horses and the following passengers:—Brigadier General Luck, C. B., Col. Ross, Capt. and Mrs. Riley and infant, Capt. R. C. Morris, Lieutenant C. M. H. Merriman, Mr. G. L. Holland, Mr. and Mrs. J. Duncan, Master and 2 Misses Duncan, Mr. T. M. Aratoom, Commis-ariat Clerk Atmaram Bhicajee, 9 Natives and 205 deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
4	Pachumba (s)	Macfadyen ..	Buscreh, Nov. 20.
	Chindwara (s)	Stiner	Calcutta, Nov. 9.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
4	Euphrates (s)	Jones	K. Coast & Karachi.
	Hydaspes (s)	Scrivener ..	London.
	Culna (s)	Bellwood ..	M. Coast & Calcutta
	Bhownuggur (s) ..	Nacoda	Bhownuggur.
	Franci-L. Cooper.	Cooper.....	Mauritius.
	Nurjahan (s)	Budd..	Aden.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—Zeus, for Falsepoint.
Steamer Patna, for M Coasts and Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 30 Agra (s) .....Wannan ....Bombay, Oct. 30.
Chanda (s).....Gavin .....ombay, Nov. 5.
Ethiopia (s) ..... Guy ..... Singapore, Nov. 12.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 30.—Steamers Bancoora, Secundra and Surat. Ships Panmure and Scottish Isles. Barque Louise.

DAILY IMPORTS.—DECEMBER 4.

FROM LONDON.

Parramatta s—5 cases oilmanstores, 1 case ham, C H B Forbes and Co; 31 cases cheese, medicine &c, Jafferjee Jeewanjee; 31 cases provisions, Oomersey Premjee; 2 packages confectionery, M A Cader.
Cathay s—2 hogsheads brandy, D Cowasjee.
Lawada s—42 cases sherry, &c. Cutler Palmer and Co; 101 cases whisky and 100 cases beer, D Cowasjee; 60 casks beer, S Cowasjee; 48 cases brandy, Cutler Palmer and Co; 7 casks beer, J Framjee.
Arabia s—3 bales old newspapers, J Esmaljee; 3 cases printed books, S Pandoranj.
Huzara s—10 cases sherry, Cutler Palmer and Co.
Rosetta s—6 cases port, Cutler Palmer and Co.
Kangra s—4 cases port, Cutler Palmer and Co.
Arcoey s—7 cases confectionery, H Peerkhan; 5 bales sarsaparilla, Rustomjee Eduljee; 19 cases oilmanstores, W Esajee; 125 casks cement, A Bhimjee.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Arabia s—8 crates earthenware G Rehmetoolla; 4 cases aniline dye, S A S Dawood; 12 packages sewing machines, H A Geyer and Co; 30 cases stout, S Cawasjee.
Sorrento s—17 cases medicine other sorts, Hurjee Mooljee and Co.

FROM ANTWERP.

Sorrento s—35 packages glass ware and 4 packages earthenware, M Ebram; 1 0 cases window glass, E M noojee; 50 cases beer, C Fleming and Co; 12 cases bitter, Aurjee Mooljee and Co.

FROM HULL.

Sorrento s—25 drums turpentine and 50 drums linseed oil E Keekabhoy; 10 cases Chinese green, 50 drums turpentine and 75 drums linseed oil, T Farjoolabhoy.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Worneth Hall s—3 hogsheads claret, Phipson and Co.

FROM MARSEILLES.

D Baldvino s—50 boxes brandy, P. Eduljee.
Parramatta s—6 cases provisions, E Band A Hormorjee.

FROM GLASGOW.

Arabia s—200 cases whisky, Manockjee Bhicajee; 130 drums spirits, Harjee Mooljee; 10 cases whisky, M Jamsetjee; 50 cases whisky, S Sorabjee; 25 cases gingerwine and 25 cases brandy, J Framjee.
Clan Gordon s—15 cases whisky, Bodger Warburton and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DECEMBER 4.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Algoma s—100 bales cotton, Assaria Carsee; 2,000 cwts wheat, F Masotti and Co; 2,150 cwts wheat, Napoo Nensee; 28 chest-coir yarn L Manee-chund.
Clan Cameron s—2,000 cwts wheat, F Masotti and Co; 142 bales cotton, A Carsee; 111 bales cotton, Nensee Dewjee.
Arabia s—217½ cwts coir yarn, Purshotmu Dewjee.

FOR GLASGOW.

Arabia s—765 cwts myrabolams, Finlay, Moir and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Hydaspes s—1 box gold coins, (Rs 25,500), Cursetjee Sorabjee.

FOR HULL.

Kt of St John s—1,702 cwts linseed, Remington and Co; 31,350 cwts wheat, F Masotti; 9,152 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co.
Sorrento s—10 bales wool, Dossabhoy Aerwanjee; 1,050 cwts myrabolams, Finlay, Moir and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Rocta s—50 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 4,000½ cwts linseed Wallace and Co; 2,01 cwts gingellyseed, A Misschneck and Co; 1,000 cwts linseed, William Bell and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Sirocco s—25 bales cotton, Guddum, Bythell and Co; 2,000 cwts gingellyseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 3,000 cwts wheat, L Pomerance; 1,338 lbs rose oil, F Houssanally; 1,350 cwts wheat, Nupoo Neusee; 4½ cwts samoodefins, Moosajee Shaikbhoy.

FOR HAVRE.

Peveril s—300 lbs cardamoms, Meffre Neveu and Co; 8,600 cwts rapeseed, D B Khan and Co; 300 bales cotton, George Lockhart and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

East Anglia s—1,251 cwts rapeseed, Wallace and Co; 4,000 cwts gingellyseed, Killick, Nixon and Co; 250 cwts horns, E Caderbhoy.

FOR SUEZ.

Hydaspes s—1,600 lbs silk, K L Moolchund.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Culna s—72 bales cotton, Ramjidass Lackmandass.

HIGH COURT—DECEMBER 5.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE SCOTT.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

93-84—Tyabji and D—Soolemanji Essaji vs Bodul Dossaji Payne, G and S. (Part heard.)
189-83—Janardhen G—Radhabai vs Seonder Pandurung—Thakurdas and D.
242-84—J C Cama—Camaji Jeejaji vs The Municipal Commissioner of Bombay and others—Crawford and B.
220-84—Moreshwar L—Sonebai vs E C K Olivant—Crawford and B.
18-81—J C Cama—Marwanji Bomonji Wadia vs Pestonji Edulji Mody and another—Ardesir and H.
300-83—Janardhen G—Lalji Haridas and others vs Trikamdas Tooleidas—Thakurdas and D.
246-84—Macfarlane and E—Gungadas Doolubdas vs Pranvahu—Bomonji and H.

(Before the Hon. Sir WILLIAM WEDDERBURN.)

For investigation of pauperism.

97-83—In person—Amature Rehman Bebee vs Mahomedi Begum and another—Payne, G and S.
Petitioner in person—Amature Rehman and another—Petitioners.
In person—Syed Asuddoola bin Syed vs Kera Vaja and others—Wadia and G.

Suit for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

146-85—Macfarlane and E—Yenkoo Balloo vs Dewjee Elopa—Rustom, K R Cama. For Counsel's reply.
93-85—Tobin and R D David and others vs Samuel Elijah and others—P. G and S. T and D. and T and D.
90-85—Payne, G and S—The Hon'ble F L Latham vs David Haem Devaker and others—Tobin and H.
264-83—Tyabji and D—Adhibai alias Cooverbai vs Cursindas Natha—Little, S. F and N.
274-85—Chaik and W—Roychund Nursing and others vs Nanabhoy Purshotum and others—Tyabjee and D.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—Dec. 2.

Stewart, Lt-Col, BI A G, on duty, from Suakim.
Hutchinson, Capt, BI Garrison Instructor, on duty, from Aden.

DECEMBER 4.

Luck, Brig-Gl, Bo, on leave, from Kurrachee.
Ross, Col, 26th Bo Infy, on furlough, from Kurrachee.
Merriman, Lt, 21st Bo Infy, on duty, from Kurrachee.
Higginson, Lt-Col, Mad 1st Punjab Infy, Punjab frontier force, on leave, from D Esmail Khan.

DEPARTURES.—Dec. 4.

Hutchinson, Capt, BI Garrison Instructor, on duty, to Umballa.
Branson, Lt-Col, BI 17th B I, to rejoin, to Benares.
Ross, Col, 26th Bo Infy, on furlough, to England.
Birch, Lt-Col, 17th BI Infy, to rejoin, to Benares.
Echalaze, Major, 17th BI Infy, to rejoin, to Benares.
Godfray, Lt, 17th BI Infy, to rejoin, to Benares.
Preston, Lt, Bo 9th Regt N I, on duty, to Aden.
Broome, L, Bo 9th Regt N I, on duty, to Aden.
Mathews, Lt, Bo 9th Regt N I, on duty, to Aden.
Willis, Surg, Bo 9th Regt N I, on duty, to Aden.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Comdt., B. V. R. C.

Bombay, December 5.

The Regiment will parade under the Commandant, this day Saturday, the 5th inst. Fall in at the Town Hall at 4-45 p.m. Red uniform, with helmets, arms, and accoutrements to be worn. Members who are at the tram terminus at Colaba, Byculla, Grant-road, Girgaum, or Prince's Dock at 4-15 p.m., and those met on their way, will have their fare paid. Members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount on applying, after parade, to the Instructors. It is expected that all members will do their utmost to be present.

The usual monthly Regimental Committee Meeting will be held at Headquarters on Monday next, 7th inst, at 5-30 p.m. All members are requested to attend.

Members who wish to compete in the coming West of India Rifle Association Meeting are requested to send in their names to Head quarters at once as the firing should not commence later than the 14th instant.

The buckets, belts, etc; for the Mounted Rifles having been received at Headquarters for issue it is requested that members will draw them as soon as possible and appear on all parades with them for the future unless otherwise ordered. The Carbines will be issued as soon as they are received at Headquarters.

The 200, 300, and 700 yards ranges at Coorla are reserved to A Company on Monday next the 7th instant.

Lance Corporal C E Phillimore B Company is promoted to Corporal from this date.

Cadit J Thomas K Company, is transferred to B Company from this date.

The movements in G. G. 32, 33 and 34 of part III of the Field Exercise Book will be practiced.

By order,
H. HODGKINSON, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Govt. Gazette*, Dec. 3.)

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr E McCallum, C S, Assist Coll'r, Bijapur, is allowed leave on medical certificate for one year.

The undermentioned officers passed the Higher Standard Departmental Examination on the 13th ultimo:—Passed with Credit.—Messrs S M Fraser, C S and J W A Weir, C S. Passed.—Messrs J S FitzMaurice, C S, M P Kharegat, C S, A Lucas, C S, W Harvey, C S, and H Hughes, C S.

Mr H W Keys, Assist Convtr of Forests, passed with credit on the 12th ultimo the examination prescribed in Rule 6 of the rules published in Govt Notification No. 2878, dated 4th June 1880, for the examination of Eores officers.

Mr. Keys passed the examination in subject No 1 in Marathi.

Mr S Hornidge, AMICE, Assist Consvr of Forests passed on the 12th ultimo the examination prescribed in Rule 6 of the rules published in Govt Notification No. 2878, dated 4th June 1880, for the examination of Forest officers.

The following appointments were made in the Registration Dept:—

Bijapur District—Mr Bannaji Krishna, offg Sub-Registrar of Bagevadi, from 3rd to 19th Oct 1885
Dharwar Dist—Mr Raghvendra Govind, Offg Sub-Registrar of Ranebennur, 5th to 29th Oct 1885.

Mr R Giles, Second Assist Collr in Sind, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr Benjamin Robertson appointed by H M's Secy of State for India a Member of H M's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Estabt, reported his arrival on the 25th inst and has been placed under the orders of the Collector of Surat.

The services of Mr W Lee-Warner, CS, are placed at the disposal of the Govt of India for employment on special duty in the Hyderabad State, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of the office of Director of Public Instruction.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J D S Fitz Maurice, C S, to be Assist C, Bijapur.

Mr J Davidson, C S, is allowed leave of absence on medical certificate for two months, with effect from 6th Nov 1885.

In supersession of the orders contained in Gov, Notification No. 8093, dated the 6th Oct 1885, published at page 1191 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 8th idem, Part I., in so far as they relate to Messrs. J S E Manley and E Close, H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Close to act as Fourth Class Assist Collr of Salt Revenue and Mr Manley to act as Surnumerary Assist Collr of Salt Revenue.

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS, ETC.

Mr Keshewlal Hiralal delivered over and Mr G C Whitworth received charge of the office of the Assist Collr, Panch Mahals, on the 20th inst.

Mr Agostin Dos Remedios, Dep'y Accountant, Thana, is appointed to act as Head Accountant at Thana during the absence of Rao Saheb Narayan Janardhan on sick leave for six months or until further orders.

Mr Maneckshaw Dhunjishaw, Insprr of Police, assumed charge of the office of the Supt of Police, B B and C I Railway, on the 23rd inst.

The following tranfer and appointments of Inspectors of Police are made on public grounds vice Khan Saheb Dhunjisha Dadabhai, appointed to act as Assist Supt of Police:—Mr A F Grey, sub pro tem fourth grade Inspr, is transferred from the Ahmedabad Dist to the B B and C I Railway; Rao Saheb Krishnarao Gajanand, sub *pro tem* fifth grade Inspr, is transferred from the Broach City to the Ahmedabad Dist; and Azam Sadulsing Jalamsing, Chief Constable, first class, is appointed to act as Inspr of Police and to do duty in the Broach City.

Mr William Allen delivered over and Mr T D Mackenzie received charge of the office of the Collr and Dist Magte, Broach, on the 26th inst.

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	Per lb. Rs. a.
HOLTA BROKEN LEAF—Cheap family tea, nice flavour ...	0 10
PLANTATION MIXTURE—Yields a fair strong liquor of good flavour ...	0 14
FAMILY MIXTURE—Good flavour, strength, and pungency, strongly recommended for family use ...	1 3
HOLTA MIXTURE—Fragrant, pungent, and full cup ...	1 8
PEKOE SOUCHONG—A plain full flavoured tea ...	1 4
PEKOE—Fragrant, strong cup, rich liquor ...	1 8
ORANGE PEKOE—Very fragrant, full rich cup ...	1 12
FLOWERY ORANGE PEKOE—A high class tea, of choice fragrance and clear infusion ...	2 8
GOLDEN ORANGE PEKOE—(The flower of Indian Teas) of exquisite aroma, amber-coloured infusion ...	3 0

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Ebony ditto ditto, in C, in Paper Box 10 0

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Do. do. 2nd quality 20 0

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14 inches in diameter 12 0
12 " " 9 0
11 " " 8 0
9 " " with tacked heads 3 0
9 " " electro-plated metal hoop 10 0

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Ebony, per set 2 8

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A large assortment, each Rs. 0-12, 1-4, and 1 8

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Best quality, by Boosey & Co., London, in case complete, Rs. 85 and 100 0
First-rate French Instruments, Rs. 35, 50 and 65 0

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English Treble Solo Concertina, Double-action, with 48 Keys, Full Compass, G to C, three Octaves:—
No 1. Mahogany Instrument, in black case (cheap but wo l made) 50 0
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No 3. Best finished Rose-wood Instrument, the Keys bushed &c., surrounded with cloth to prevent rattling, in Rose-wood Box; an excellent instrument 95 0
No. 4. Best finished Rose-wood Instrument. Keys bushed metal studs (i. e., surrounded with cloth to prevent rattling), in Rose-wood Box; an excellent Instrument 120 0
No. 5. Walnut Instrument with steel vibrators, brass corners—in Walnut Case 200 0

ANGLO-GERMAN CONCERTINAS.
Mahogany Concertina, 0 keys, in Black-wood Lock Box 25 0
Rose-wood Concertina, 20 keys, extra finish, in Mahogany Lock Box 35 0
Mahogany Concertina, 23 keys, in Mahogany Lock Box 40 0
Rose-wood Concertina, 23 keys, in Mahogany Lock Box 45 0
Mahogany Concertina 30 keys, in Mahogany Lock Box 45 0

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Concert Flute, in D, of Cocoa-wood, with 8 German-silver Keys and German-silver Tips, in lined Mahogany Lock Cases, Pratten's perfected model by Boosey and Co. 100 0
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...	6 8	Do. yellow "	6 12	...
61 8	63 8	Benedictine from the Monastery	64 8	67 8
53 4	57 0	Maraschino de Zara, best	55 8	59 8
49 8	...	Noyeau de Martinique	51 8	...
38 8	...	Kümmell, finest Riga	40 0	...
40 4	42 4	Cherry Brandy, best Copenhagen	42 0	44 0
27 0	...	Orange Bitters, best	28 0	...
15 8	...	Vermouth	16 0	...
...	28 8	Assorted Liqueurs, choice, per doz. pts. ...	...	29 8
12 ...		Lime-Juice Cordial	14 0	...

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5	8	3 12	Bass's Champagne Ale, "The Bull Dog" Bottling ...	5	12	4 0
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5	0	3 8	Pilsener Beer	5	4	3 12

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6	8	4	0	Champagne Cider	7	0	4	4
6	8	...		Norfolk "Dry, sparkling Cider"	7	0	...	
4	0	2	4	Minerva Mineral Water	4	4	2	8

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15	8	Cognac **** Very superior Old Pale	16 0
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9 0 Irish and Scotch, A 1 quality own own shipping 9 4

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Do. do. do. ... ... 2 " 3 0 "
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Cash. 4 Gls. Per Jar Rs. a.	13½ Gals. Octve	27 Gals. Qtr Cask Rs. a.	54 Gals. Hhd Rs. a.		Credit. 4 Gls. Per Jar Rs. a.	13½ Gals. Octve	27 Gals. Qtr. Cask. Rs. a.	54 Gals. Hhd. Rs. a.
40 0	118 0	226 0	439 0	MANZANILLA.	42 0	128 0	246 0	478 0

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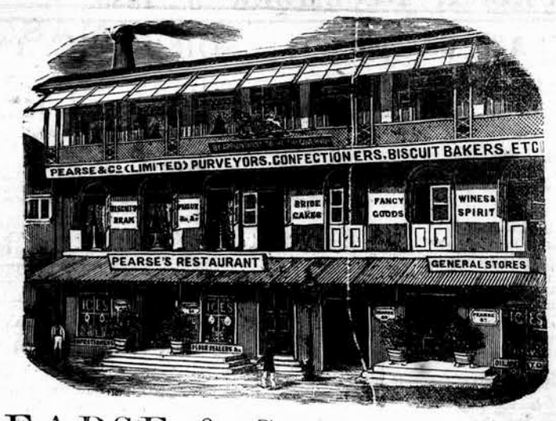

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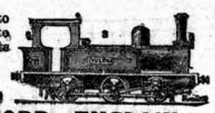

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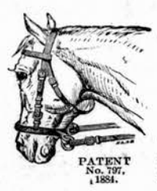

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SIGNET RINGS.

Gent's Gold Signet, Plain, Red or White Cornelian, Onyx, Bloodstone ; round, oval or shield shapes. From Rs. 16 to 65.
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SIGNET RINGS.

Coats of Arms, Initials, Crests, Monos., Masonic and other Devices cut in best style.

GOLD PENCIL CHARMS.

Bright Gold Plain Pencil, Pen and Pencil. From Rs. 35.
Novelty Pencils, Fish, Cannon, Pistols, Whistles, Cigar Nippers, &c. From Rs. 4 to 35.

GOLD PENKNIFE CHARM.

Plain Gold or Chased, 2 Blades, Scissors, Pencil, Nail Cleaner and File. Rs. 38 to Rs. 60.

GOLD PENCIL CHARMS.

Bottle Pencil Charms, Elephant Pencil Charm, Sambhur Pencil Charm, and other Sporting designs. From Rs. 40.

Gold and Silver Universal Watch Keys, Split Rings, Jump Rings, Spring Bolt Rings, Swivels, Bars, Hooks, always kept in stock.

SPECIAL.—We have just received a consignment of Alberts in Gold and Silver, specially suitable for young Ladies.

18-Carat Gold Alberts for Gentlemen, in all new patterns.

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TO LAWN TENNIS PLAYERS.

Many inferior qualities of these Goods have been imported, which owing to the climate the soles come apart. THE "TENACIOUS" is manufactured by one English House only, and after long experience have found out the secret of Cementing and Stitching the soles so firmly that they will never come apart and will not be affected by the climate.

We have received many Testimonials certifying to their being the Best TENNIS SHOES procured in India.

GENTLEMEN'S, in Brown or Blue Canvas .....Rs. 11-8 per pair.
LADIES', in Black Canvas..... ,, 9-8 ,,
Mofussil Constituents should send a pattern Boot as guide for size.

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FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.'S
ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN
KEYLESS WATCH
AT Rs. 25
is the most perfect time-keeper for rough & daily use ever manufactured.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

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AND

NEW YEAR GIFTS.

ENGLISH WATCHES,

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS,

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WATCH AND CLOCK MANUFACTURERS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN-EMPRESS, THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, &c. &c.
AND BY APPOINTMENT TO H. E. LORD REAY, GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.
MAKERS OF THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY TOWER CLOCK AND CHIMES.

ENGLISH WATCHES, MANUFACTURED by LUND & BLOCKLEY at THEIR MANUFACTORY, Little Pulteney St., LONDON.

SILVER ENGLISH LEVER KEY WINDING WATCHES.

Open-face, with thick oval or strong Crystal glasses.

No. 58 White Enamel Dial, Jeweiled and Gold Balance for Gentlemen ...Rs. 48
,, 59 In Hunter or Half-hunter 65

OF SUPERIOR MANUFACTURE.

No. 60 Enamel Dial, sunk Seconds, and Gold Balance... ... ...Rs. 60
,, 61 Hunter or Half-hunter 75

THREE-QUARTER PLATE LEVER WATCHES.

Of Superior Manufacture and Firstrate Time-keepers.

No. 62 Enamel Dial, sunk Seconds, Gold Balance, and to set hands at back Rs. 105
,, 63 In Hunting or Half-hunting Cases 120

KEYLESS ENGLISH LEVER WATCHES.

To wind and set hands without a key.

No. 64 Silver Open-face, Jewelled with Gold Balance ... ...Rs. 115
,, 65 In Hunter or Half-hunter 135
,, 66 Of Superior Manufacture from ... ... 125 to 150

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.

Lund and Blockley's SPECIAL MANUFACTURE of ¾ Plate Half CHRONOMETER Watches of HIGH FINISH and ADJUSTMENTS suitable for ROUGH WEAR and all CLIMATES.

Silver Open-face to wind with key, with strong Crystal or thick oval glasses.

No. 68 Enamel Dial, sunk Seconds, Jewelled Compensation Balance ...Rs. 155
,, 69 In Hunter or Half-hunter 182
,, 70 Keyless Open-face 200
,, 71 Hunter or Half-hunter 220

GENTLEMEN'S GOLD ENGLISH LEVER KEY WINDING WATCHES.

Of our own Special English Manufacture, ¾ Plate, Jewelled Movements.

No. 72 Open-face ... ... from Rs. 175 to Rs. 250
,, 73 In Hunter or Half-hunter ... ... from Rs. 235 to Rs. 300

GOLD KEYLESS ENGLISH LEVER WATCHES.

No. 74 Open-face ... ... from Rs. 220 to Rs. 300
,, 75 Hunter or Half-hunter ... ... from Rs. 250 to Rs. 350

GENTLEMEN'S ENGLISH WATCHES.

Of the finest Manufacture and Adjustments for Racing and Astronomical Purposes, Silver.

No. 76 Open-face ... ...Rs. 188
,, 77 Hunter or Half-hunter 210
,, 78 Do. do. Gold 300

LUND AND BLOCKLEY'S

PRICE LIST OF GENEVA WATCHES,

EXAMINED AND GUARANTEED.

GENTLEMEN'S GERMAN SILVER WATCHES.

Keyless Watches to wind and set hands without a key.

Open-face with strong oval or flat Crystal glasses.

No. 1 Open-face Railway Regulator ... ...Rs. 10
,, 2 Jewelled Horizontal Escapements Regulator 14
,, 3 With Jewelled Lever do. do. 17

STRONG HUNTING CASE WATCHES.

No. 4 Strong Hunting Case Watches, Railway Regulator ... ...Rs. 12
,, 5 Horizontal Escapements, Jewelled Railway Regulator 18
,, 6 With Jewelled Lever Escapements, Railway Regulator 30
,, 7 Do. do. do. second quality 22

LADIES' GERMAN SILVER WATCHES.

Keyless Watches to wind and set hands without a key.

Open-face with strong oval or flat Crystal glasses.

No. 10 Jewelled Horizontal Escapements ... ...Rs. 15
,, 11 With Jewelled Lever do. 17

STRONG HUNTING CASE WATCHES.

Jewelled Horizontal Escapements ... ...Rs. 18

LADIES' FANCY ENAMELLED GERMAN SILVER WATCHES.

Made specially for Presentation.

No. 15 Open-face Keyless Horizontal Jewelled Escapements, Enamelled Blue, Black, Maroon, and various Colours ... from Rs. 22-8 to Rs. 30

LUND & BLOCKLEY'S CELEBRATED KEYLESS CAMPAIGN WATCHES.

No. 16 With strong Crystal Face and tight fitting Cases, Jewelled Patent Lever Compensated Movements, will go in any climate ... ...Rs. 26

These Watches have been supplied to a great number of Officers, many of whom have left their Gold Watches in the care of Messrs. Lund and Blockley at their Indian Branch, Bombay, before going off active Service.

WATCHES SUITABLE FOR GENTLEMEN'S SERVANTS IN INDIA.

No. 18 In Hunter, Half-hunter, or Crystal glass strong German Silver tight fitting Cases, Horizontal Escapements, Jewelled, Keyless ...Rs. 17

THE MEDICAL STUDENT'S WATCH.

No. 20 Open-face, with strong Crystal or thick oval glass and small hand showing the Seconds; good plain legible Dial; strong German Silver Case, Lever Movement, Jewelled, Keyless ... ...Rs. 17

THE SCHOOLBOY'S WATCH.

No. 19 Crystal glass, strong German Silver Case, Lever Escapements, Jewelled, Keyless ... ...Rs. 26

This Watch is most suitable for a Boy's first Watch. It is carefully made, and being of special strength, will stand a fair amount of knocking about and yet keep good time. The Movement is Lever. Examined and guaranteed by ourselves, Jewelled, and with the latest improvements.

GENTLEMEN'S GENEVA WATCHES.

In Sterling Silver Cases, examined and guaranteed by overselves.

With strong oval or Crystal glass.

No. 21 Key Winding Watches, full Jewelled, Horizontal Escapements, Plain, Engraved, and Chased Silver Cases .. ..Rs. 18
,, 22 With Lever Escapement 22-8
,, 23 In Hunting or Half-hunting Cases, Horizontal Escapement ... 20
,, 24 Do. do. Lever Escapement 30

GENTLEMEN'S KEYLESS WATCHES.

To wind and set hands without a key, open-face, with strong oval of Crystal glass.

No. 25 Jewelled Horizontal Escapement ... ...Rs. 24
,, 26 With Lever Escapement 42
,, 27 In Hunter or Half-hunter, Jewelled Horizontal Movements ... 29
,, 28 With Lever Movements, first quality 60

LADIES' GENEVA WATCHES.

In Sterling Silver Cases, examined and guaranteed by ourselves, with strong oval or Crystal glass.

No. 29 Key Winding Watches, full Jewelled Movements, Plain, Engraved, and Chased Silver Cases ... ...Rs. 18
,, 30 Do. do. Lever Escapements 22-8

LADIES' KEYLESS WATCHES.

To wind and set hands without a key, open-face, with strong oval or Crystal glass.

No. 31 Jewelled Horizontal Escapement ... ...Rs. 24
,, 32 With Lever Escapement, Jewelled 42
,, 33 In Hunter or Half-hunter, Jewelled Horizontal Movements ... 29
,, 34 Do. do. with Lever Jewelled Movements, first quality 60

GENTLEMEN'S GOLD GENEVA WATCHES.

Examined and guaranteed by Lund and Blockley.

In Open-face. Hunter or Half hunter in a variety of different styles and sizes ... ... from Rs. 70 to Rs. 310

LADIES' GOLD GENEVA WATCHES.

From ... ... Rs. 45 to Rs. 220

Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, Silver, Electro-Plated Ware and Table Cuttlery at London Cash Prices.

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